

زيارة سيّدة خديجة بنت
خويلد (عليها السلام)
*Ziarat of Lady Khadija
bint Khuwaylid (A)*

(Arabic text with English Translation & Transliteration)

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Kindly recite Sura E Fatiha for Marhumeen of all those who have worked towards making this small work possible.

Lady Khadija (A) was the first wife of the Holy Prophet (S). She was born in Makka. Her father's name was Khuwaylid bin Asad and he was a wealthy trader. The Genealogy of both Prophet Mohammad (S) and Lady Khadija(A) was the same reaching upto Qusayy. Her mother and father both died within 10 years of each other. Their wealth was divided amongst the children but it was Lady Khadija(A) who took over the family business and expanded it. With the profit she made she helped the poor, widows, orphans, sick and the disabled people of Makka.

She had a cousin called Waraqa bin Naufal who was very learned man and who was not an idol worshipper. Both Waraqa and Lady Khadija were monotheists and believed in one God. Because of her excellent Akhlaq the Arabs (who at that time used to look down upon women) called her Tahira - the pure one. She was also known as the 'Princess of Makkah' because of her wealth. A lot of Arab nobles and princess wanted to marry her but she refused all of them. In 595 AD, Lady Khadija (A) was looking for someone to be in charge of her caravan to Syria. Hazrat Abu Talib (A) suggested the Prophet Mohammad (S) to her. She had heard of his trustworthiness and agreed to employ him although he did not have much trading experience. To help him she sent her slave Maysara. The trading caravan was a great success and when Lady Khadija(A) heard of the Prophet's skills and excellent conduct, she became his admirer. Soon it was arranged for Lady Khadija (A) to be married to the Prophet Mohammad(pbuh&hf). At that time, Prophet Mohammad(pbuh&hf) was aged 25 and Lady Khadija (A) was 40 years of age.

Hazrat Abu Talib (A) read the Nikah on behalf of the Prophet whilst Waqara bin Noufal read it for Lady Khadija. Hazrat Abu Talib(A) paid the mehr for his nephew and fed the people of Makka for 3 days in celebration. Lady Khadija too fed the people. The marriage was a very happy one and their first child was a son called Qasim. The second was Abdullah. Both died in infancy. Their third and last child was Lady Fatema Zahra (A).

When the Prophet used to go to meditate in the cave of Hira on Jabel-e-Noor, it was Lady Khadija (A) herself who would climb up there to give him his food and necessaries. She was the first person to accept Islam as taught by the Prophet (S). In 616 AD, the Quraysh isolated the Bani Hashim (the family of the Prophet) and they took refuge in a ravine called *Shib-e-Abu Talib*. Lady Khadija (A) was there too and it was her wealth (which she donated for Islam) that sustained the Muslims at that time. The siege lasted for 3 years during which time they experienced hunger, thirst, and the cold and heat of the desert.

Lady Khadija (A) was married to the Holy Prophet (S) for 25 years. She passed away in 619 AD on the 10th of Ramadhan 3 years before the Hijrah. When she left this mortal world, nothing was left of her wealth - all of it was served for the propagation of Islam. She was buried in Makkah in a cloak of the Holy Prophet (S). Hazrat Abu Talib (A) died in this year too. The Prophet (S) called the year *Aam-ul-Huzn* (the year of grief).

While Lady Khadija (A) lived, the Holy Prophet (S) did not marry another woman and in later years he always said that she was the best of his wives.

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

**O' Alláh send Your blessings on
Muhammad**

and the family of Muhammad.

***allahumma salli `ala muhammadin wa ali
muhammadin***

بِسْمِ اللّٰهِ الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِیْمِ

**In the Name of Alláh,
the All-beneficent, the All-merciful.**

bismi allahi alrrahmini alrrahimi

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكَ يَا أُمَّ الْأَيْمَةِ
الطَّاهِرِينَ

**Peace on you, O the mother of the
pure Imams**

***assalaamo a'layke yaa ummal a-immatit
taahereena***

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكِ يَا أُمَّ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

**Peace be on you, O the mother of the
believing men**

assalaamo a'layke yaa ummal momineena

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكِ يَا أُمَّ الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ

**Peace be on you, O the first of the
believing women**

assalaamo a'layke ya ummal mominaate

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكَ يَا خَالِصَةً
الْمُخْلِصَاتِ

**Peace be on you, O the sincere lady
among the devoted ones**

***assalaamo a'layke yaa khaalesatal
mukhlesaate***

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكَ يَا سَيِّدَةَ الْحَرَمِ وَ
مَلِكَةَ الْبَطْحَاءِ

**Peace be on you, O the chief lady of
the sacrosanct (haram) and the
queen of Mecca**

***assalaamo a'layke yaa sayyederal haram
wa malekatal bathaa-e***

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكَ يَا أَوَّلَ مَنْ
صَدَّقَتْ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ مِنَ النِّسَاءِ

**Peace be on you, O the first one to
believe in the Apostle of Alláh from
among the women**

***assalaamo a'layke yaa awwala man
saddaqat be rasoolillaahe menan nesaaa-e***

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكَ يَا مَنْ وَفَتْ
بِالْعُبُودِيَّةِ حَقَّ الْوَفَاءِ وَ أَسْلَمَتْ

**Peace be on you, O the one who
observed servitude as it ought to be
observed,**

***assalaamo a'layke yaa man wafat bil
o'boodiyyate haqqal wafaa-e wa aslamat***

نَفْسَهَا وَ أَنْفَقَتْ مَالَهَا لِسَيِّدِ
الْأَنْبِيَاءِ

**submitted herself and discharged her
wealth in the service of the chief of
the Prophets.**

***nafsahaa wa anfaqat maalaha le sayyedil
anbeyaaa-e***

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكَ يَا قَرِيْنَةَ حَبِيْبِ إِلَهِ
السَّمَاءِ

**Peace be on you, O the companion of
the beloved of the Lord of the
Heaven.**

***assalaamo a'layke yaa qareenata habeebe
elaahis samaaail***

الْمُزَوَّجَةُ بِخُلَاصَةِ الْأَصْفِيَاءِ

**The spouse of the epitome of the
chosen ones.**

mozawwajate be kholaasatil asfeyaaa-e

يَا بِنَّةَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ الْخَلِيلِ

**O the daughter of Ibraheem, the friend
(of Alláh)**

yabnata ibraahemal khaleele

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكَ يَا مَنْ سَلَّمَ عَلَيْهَا
جَبْرَائِيلُ

**Peace be on you, O the one to whom
Jibraeel used to salute**

***assalaamo a'layke yaa man sallama
a'layhaa jibraeelo***

وَ بَلَّغَ إِلَيْهَا السَّلَامَ مِنَ اللَّهِ الْجَلِيلِ

**and used to convey to her the
salutations from Alláh, the Majestic.**

***wa ballagha elayhas salaama menallahil
jaleele***

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكَ يَا حَافِظَةَ دِينِ اللَّهِ

**Peace be on you, O the protector of
the religion of Alláh.**

***assalaamo a'layke yaa haafezata
deenillaahe***

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكَ يَا نَاصِرَةَ رَسُولِ
اللَّهِ

**Peace be on you, O the helper of the
Apostle of Alláh.**

***assalaamo a'layke yaa naaserata
rasoolillaahe***

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكَ يَا مَنْ تَوَلَّى دَفْنَهَا
رَسُولُ اللَّهِ

**Peace be on you, O the one whose
burial was arranged by the Apostle of
Alláh**

*assalaamo a'layke yaa man tawallaa
dafnahaa rasoolilaahe*

وَ اسْتَوْدَعَهَا إِلَى رَحْمَةِ اللَّهِ

**and he entrusted her to the Mercy of
Alláh.**

wa astawda-a'haa elaa rahmatillaahe

أَشْهَدُ أَنَّكَ حَبِيبَةُ اللَّهِ وَ خَيْرَةٌ أُمَّتِهِ

**I bear witness that you are esteemed
near Alláh and the chosen one
among His nation**

***Ash-Hado Annake Habeebullaaha Wa
Kheyarata Ummatehi***

وَ أَنْ اللهُ جَعَلَكَ فِي مُسْتَقَرِّ
رَحْمَتِي

**and that Alláh has placed you in His
Mercy in a place built of ruby**

***Wa Annallaaha Ja-A'lake Fee Mustaqarre
Rahmatehi***

فِي قَصْرِ مِّنَ الْيَاقُوتِ وَالْعِيقَانِ
فِي أَعْلَى مَنَازِلِ الْجَنَانِ

**In the palace of rubies and sapphire
and in the highest grades of Paradise**

***Fee Qasrin Menal Yaaqoote Wal E'qyaane
Fee A-A'laa Manaazelil Jenaane***

صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْكَ وَرَحْمَةُ اللهِ وَ
بَرَكَاتُهُ

**May Alláh send salutations upon you
and His Mercy and Blessings .**

***Sallallaaho A'layke Wa Rahmatullaaha Wa
Barakaatohu***

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

**O' Alláh send Your blessings on
Muhammad**

and the family of Muhammad.

***allahumma salli `ala muhammadin wa ali
muhammadin***

**Please recite
Sūrat al-Fātiḥah
for
ALL MARHUMEEN**



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