First: Through a valid chain of authority, Imam al-Riḍā (`a) is reported to have instructed that one may repeat the following word one hundred times in thanksgiving prostrations:

شُكْراً شُكْراً Thanks, thanks. shukran shukran

عَفْواً عَفْواً `afwan `afwan Pardon! Pardon!

In the book of `Uyūn Akhbār al-Riḍā, it is reported on the authority of Rajā' ibn Abi'l-Ḍaḥḥāk that Imam al-Ridā (`a), on his way to Khurāsān, used to prostrate after the Zohar Prayer say 100 times

حَمْداً للَّه Praise be to Allah. ḥamdan lillāhi

Second: Al-Kulaynī has reported through a valid chain of authority that Imam al-Şādiq (`a) said: The closest position of a servant to Almighty Allah is when he prostrates himself before Him and supplicates Therefore, when you prostrate, you may say:

O Lord of all lords, yā rabba al-arbābi يًا رَبَّ أَلا رُبَّاب

O King of all kings, wa yā malika almulūki وَيَا مَلِكَ ٱلْمُلُوكِ

O master of all masters, wa yā sayyida alssādāti وَيَا سَيِّدَ ٱلسَّادَاتِ

O Omnipotent of all the wa yā jabbāra aljabābirati وَيَا جَبَّارَ ٱلْجَبَابِرَةِ omnipotent,

and O God of all gods, wa yā ilāha al-ālihati وَيَا إِلَّهُ ٱلْآلِهَةِ

(please) send blessings upon şalli `alā muḥammadin wa صَلِّ عَلَىٰ مُحَمَّدٍ وَآل مُحَمَّدٍ Muhammad and the Household āli muḥammadin...

You may now pray to grant you your request. After that, you may say:

of Muhammad...

Merciful.

For I am Your servant and my fa'innī `abduka nāşiyatī فَإِنِّي عَبْدُكَ نَاصِيَتِي فِي قَبْضَتِكَ forelock is in Your grasp. fī qabḍatika

Third: Al-Kulaynī has reported through an authenticated chain of authority that Imam al-Ṣādiq (`a) said: One night, I saw my father prostrating himself in the mosque. I could hear him saying withsoft tone:

All glory be to You, O Allah.

subhānaka allāhumma

You are my Lord, truly, truly. anta rabbī ḥaggan ḥaggan

I prostrate myself before You, O sajadtu laka yā rabbi my Lord, out of my servitude ta`abbudan wa riqqan and subjugation to You. O Allah, my deed is certainly

feeble; so, (please do) grant it allāhumma inna `amalī strength by increasing it many da`īfun fadā`ifhu lī times.

O Allah, (please) save me from Your chastisement on the day اللَّهُمَّ قِنِي عَذَابَكَ يَوْمَ تَبْعَثُ عِبَادَكَ allāhumma qinī `adhābaka when You shall resurrect Your yawma tab`athu `ibādaka servants,

and (please) accept my repentance. Verily, You are the wa tub `alayya innaka anta وَتُبْ عَلَى ٓ إِنَّكَ ا نْتَ ٱلتَّوَّابُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ alttawwābu alrraḥīmu Oft-Returning, the Most

Fourth: al-Kulaynī reports that Imam Mūsā al-Kāzim (`a) used to say the following prayer prostrating

I pray for Your protection against the fire whose heat is inextinguishable.

I pray for Your protection against the fire whose newness never decays.

I pray for Your protection against the fire whose thirsty is never quenched.

I pray for Your protection against the fire whose disrobed is never clothed.

a`ūdhu bika min nārin ḥarruhā lā yuţfā

wa a`ūdhu bika min nārin jadīduhā lā yablā

wa a`ūdhu bika min nārin`aṭshānuhā lā yurwā

wa a`ūdhu bika min nārin maslūbuhā lā yuksā ا عُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ نَارٍ حَرُّهَا لاَ يُطْفَىٰ

وًا عُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ نَارٍ جَدِيدُهَا لاَ يَبْلَىٰ

وَا عُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ نَارٍ عَطْشَانُهَا لاَ يُرْوى ٰ

وَا عُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ نَارٍ مَسْلُوبُهَا لاَ يُكْسَى

Fifth: Through a valid chain of authority, al-Kulaynī also reports that a man complained to Imam al-Ṣādiq (`a) about an ailment that affected one of his bondwomen. The Imam said: In the thanksgiving prostration after all obligatory prayers, you may say this prayer:

O All-kind! O All-merciful!

O my Lord! O my Master!

yā ra'ūfu yā raḥīmu

yā rabbi yā sayyidī

يَا رَؤُوفُ يَا رَحِيمُ

یَا رَبِّ یَا سَیِّدِی

Sixth: Through several valid chains of authority, Imam al-Ṣādiq and Imam al-Kāzim (`a) are reported to have very frequently said the following prayer when they did the thanksgiving prostrations:

I beseech You for rest at death

as'aluka alrrāḥata `inda almawti

ا سا لُكَ الرَّاحَةَ عِنْدَ الْمَوْتِ وَالْعَفْوَ عِنْدَ الْحِسَابِ

and pardon at (final) judgment.

wal`afwa `inda alḥisābi

Seventh: Through an authentic chain of authority, it is reported that Imam al-Ṣādiq (`a) used to say the following statement when he prostrated himself:

My mean face is prostrating before My Lord's Noble Face.

sajada wajhiya alla'īmu liwajhi rabbiya alkarīmi سَجَدَ وَجْهِيَ ٱللَّئِيمُ لِوَجْهِ رَبِّيَ ٱلْكَرِيمِ

Eighth: it is reported that Imam `Alī Amīr al-Mu'minīn (`a) said: The most favorite words to Almighty Allah is that when a servant (of Him) prostrates himself, he should repeat the following 3 times:

I have wronged myself; so, (please) forgive me.

innī zalamtu nafsī faghfir lī

إِنِّي ظَلَمْتُ نَفْسِي فَٱغْفِر ْ لِي

Ninth: In the book of al-Ja`fariyyāt, it is recorded that Imam al-Ṣādiq (`a) quoted the Holy Prophet (ṣ) to have used to said when he placed his face on the ground for prostration:

O Allah, Your forgiveness is more expansive than my sin

and Your mercy is more hopeful for me than my deeds.

So, (please) forgive my sins. O He Who is Ever-living and never dies! allāhumma maghfiratuka awsa`u min dhunūbī

wa raḥmatuka arjā `indī min `amalī

faghfir lī dhunūbī yā ḥayyan lā yamūtu اللَّهُمَّ مَغْفِرَ تُكَ ا وْسَعُ مِنْ ذُنُوبِي وَرَحْمَتُكَ ا رْجَى عِنْدِي مِنْ عَمَلِي

فَأَغْفِر ْ لِي ذُنُوبِي يَا حَيّاً لاَ يَمُوتُ

Tenth: Al-Quţb al-Rāwandī has reported Imam al-Ṣādiq (`a) to have said: Whenever an ordeal or agony afflict or accumulate against you, you may prostrate on the ground and say:

O Humiliator of all tyrants!	yā mudhilla kulli jabbārin	يَا مُذِلَّ كُلِّ جَبَّارٍ
O Dignifier of all humble ones!	yā mu`izza kulli dhalīlin	يَا مُعِزَّ كُلِّ ذَلِيلٍ
I, swearing by You, have exerted all efforts;	qad wa ḥaqqika balagha majhūdī	قَدْ وَحَقِّكَ بَلَغَ مَجْهُودِي
so, (please) send blessings upon Muḥammad and his Household	faşalli `alā muḥammadin wa āli muḥammadin	فَصَلِّ عَلَىٰ مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ
and relieve me.	wa farrij `annaī	وَفَرِّج ْ عَنِّي

In the book of `Uddat al-Dā`ī, Imam al-Ṣādiq (`a) is reported to have said, "Any one who is afflicted by a disaster, a misfortune, or a tribulation may bare his knees and arms to the elbows and stick them, as well as his chest, to the ground and supplicate for the settlement of his problem."

Eleventh: Ibn Bābawayh, through a valid chain of authority, reports Imam al-Ṣādiq (`a) as saying: When a servant repeats the following prayer three times while prostrating, the Blessed and Exalted Lord will answer him, "Here I am to respond to you, My servant! Ask for what you need."

O Allah! O my Lord! O my yā allāhu yā rabbāhu yā master! yā diيًا اللَّهُ يَا رَبَّاهُ يَا سَيِّدَاهُ

In the book of Makārim al-Akhlāq, it is recorded that when a servant prostrates himself and repeats the following prayer all in one breath, the Blessed and Exalted Lord will answer him, "Here I am to respond to you. What do you need?"

O my Lord! O my Master! yā rabbāhu yā sayyidāhu إِنَّاهُ يَا سَيِّدَاهُ

Twelfth: In the book of Makārim al-Akhlāq too, Imam al-Ṣādiq (`a) is reported to have related that the Holy Prophet (ṣ) passed by a prostrating man and could hear him saying this prayer:

يَا رَبِّ مَاذَا عَلَيْكَ	yā rabbi mādhā `alayka	O my Lord, what will harm You
ا نْ تُرْضِيَ عَنِّي كُلَّ مَنْ كَانَ لَهُ عِنْدِي تَبِعَةٌ	an turḍiya `annī kulla man kāna lahū `indī tabi`atun	if You cause all those to whom I am indebted by a claim to be pleased with me,
وَا نْ تَغْفِرَ لِي ذُنُوبِي	wa an taghfira lī dhunūbī	forgive my sins,
وَا نْ تُدْخِلَنِي ٱلْجَنَّةَ بِرَحْمَتِكَ	wa an tudkhilanī aljannata biraḥmatika	and allow me enter Paradise, out of Your mercy.
فَإِنَّمَا عَفْوُكَ عَنِ ٱلظَّالِمِينَ	fa'innamā `afwuka `an alzzālimīna	Verily, Your pardon is for the wrongdoers,
وًا نَا مِنَ ٱلظَّالِمِينَ	wa ana min alzzālimīna	and I am one of the wrongdoers;
فَلْتَسَعْنِي رَحْمَتُكَ يَا ا رْحَمَ ٱلرَّاحِمِينَ	faltasa`nī raḥmatuka yā arḥama alrrāḥimīna	so, (please) let Your mercy include me, O most Merciful of all those who show mercy.

The Holy Prophet (\$) said to him, "Raise your head. Your prayer has been responded. You have just prayed Allah with the prayer of a prophet who lived among the people of `Ād."

Mentioning the thanksgiving prostration, Shaykh al-Ṭūsī, in his book of Miṣbāḥ al-Mutahajjid, says that it is recommended to pray for one's brothers-in-faith while prostrating. The following prayer is thus advisable:

O Allah, O Lord of the daybreak, the ten nights,	allāhumma rabba alfajri wallayālī al`ashri	اللَّهُمَّ رَبَّ ٱلْفَجْرِ وَٱللَّيَالِي ٱلْعَشْرِ
the even and the odd,	walshshaf`i walwatri	وَٱلشَّفْعِ وَٱلْوَتْرِ
and the night when it departs!	wallayli idhā yasri	وَٱللَّيْلِ إِذَا يَسْرِ
O Lord of all things!	wa rabba kulli shay'in	وَرَبَّ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ
O Lord of all things!	wa ilāha kulli shay'in	وَإِلٰهَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ
O Creator of all things!	wa khāliqa kulli shay'in	وَخَالِقَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ
O King of all things!	wa malika kulli shay'in	وَمَلِكَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ
(Please) send blessings upon Muhammad and his Household,	şalli `alā muḥammadin wa ālihī	صَلِّ عَلَىٰ مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ
do to me and to <i>so-and-so</i> that which befits You,	waf`al bī wa bi mā anta ahluhū	وَٱفْعَلْ بِي وَبِ مَا ا نْتَ ا هْلُهُ
but do not do to us that which we deserve,	wa lā taf`al binā mā naḥnu ahluhū	وَلاَ تَفْعَلْ بِنَا مَا نَحْنُ ا هْلُهُ
for You are verily worthy to be feared and worthy to forgive.	fa'innaka ahlu alttaqwā wa ahlu almaghfirati	فَإِنَّكَ ا هْلُ ٱلتَّقْوَى ٰ وَا هْلُ ٱلْمَغْفِرَةِ

Once you raise your head from prostration, you may pass your hand over the place of prostration and then pass it on your right cheek, forehead, and left cheek respectively three times, repeating each time the following

O Allah, all praise be to You;	allāhumma laka alḥamdu	اللَّهُمَّ لَكَ ٱلْحَمْدُ
there is no god save You;	lā ilāha illā anta	لاَ إِلٰهَ إِلاًّا نْتَ
(You are) the Knower of all the unseen and the seen	`ālimu alghaybi walshshahādati	عَالِمُ ٱلْغَيْبِ وَٱلشَّهَادَةِ
and You are the All-beneficent and All-merciful.	alrraḥmānu alrraḥīmu	ٱلرَّحْمٰٰنُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ
O Allah, (please) put away from me distress, grief,	allāhumma adhhib `anniya alhamma walḥazana	اللَّهُمَّ ا ذْهِبْ عَنِّي ٱلْهَمَّ وَٱلْحَزَنَ
vicissitudes (of time), and seditious matters;	walghiyara walfitana	وَٱلْغِيَرَ وَٱلْفِتَنَ
both the explicit and the implicit.	mā zahara minhā wa mā baṭana	مَا ظَهَرَ مِنْهَا وَمَا بَطَنَ