SŪRAT AL-FĀTIḤAH 1

SŪRAT AL-FĀTIḤAH (THE OPENING; 1)

In The Name Of Allah, The Beneficent, The Merciful (1) All praise is due to

All praise is due to Allah, the Lord of the Worlds.(2)

The Beneficent, the Merciful. (3)

Master of the Day of Judgment. (4)

Thee do we serve and Thee do we beseech for help.(5)

Keep us on the right path.(6)

The path of those upon whom Thou hast bestowed favors. Not (the path) of those upon whom Thy wrath is brought down, nor of those who go astray. (7) bismi allāhi ar-raḥmāni ar-raḥīmi .

al-ḥamdu lillāhi rabbi al-`ālamīna .

ar-raḥmāni ar-raḥīmi .

māliki yawmi ad-dīni .

'īyāka na`budu wa 'īyāka nasta`īnu .

ahdinā aṣ-ṣirāṭa almustaqīma .

şirāṭa al-ladhīna 'an`amta `alayhim ghayri al-maghḍūbi `alayhim wa lā aḍdāllīna . بِشْ مِلْ الرَّمْ الرَّمْ الرَّمْ الرَّمْ الرَّمْ الرَّحْدِ مِ

ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ١

ٱلرَّحْمَانِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ ﴿

مَلِكِ يَوْمِ ٱلدِّينِ

إِيَّاكَ نَعْبُدُ وَإِيَّاكَ نَسْتَعِيرِ ـُ

٥

آهدنا الصِراطَ المُسْتَقِيمَ

صِرَاطَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ عَلَيْهِمْ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّالِّينَ ﴿

ĀYAT AL-KURSĪ (2:255-7)

Allah is He besides Whom there is no god, the Everliving, the Selfsubsisting by Whom all subsist;

slumber does not overtake Him nor sleep; whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth is His; allāhu lā 'ilāha 'illā huwa al-ḥayyu al-qayyūmu

lā ta'khudhuhu sinatun wa lā nawmun

lahu mā fī as-samāwāti wa mā fī al-'ardi ٱللَّهُ لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ ٱلْحَيُّ ٱلْقَيُّومُ

لَا تَأْخُذُهُ السِنَةُ وَلَا نَوْمُ

لَّهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَمَا فِي

ĀYAT AL-KURSĪ 2

ٱلْأَرْضَ

who is he that can intercede with Him but by His permission?

man dhā al-ladhī yashfa`u `indahu 'illā bi'idhnihi مَن ذَا ٱلَّذِي يَشَفَعُ عِندَهُۥ َ إلَّا بإذْنِهِۦ ۚ

He knows what is before them and what is behind them, ya`lamu mā bayna 'aydīhim wa mā khalfahum يَعْلَمُ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا خَلُفُهُمْ وَمَا خَلُفُهُمْ

and they cannot comprehend anything out of His knowledge except what He pleases,

wa lā yuḥīṭūna bishay'in min `ilmihi 'illā bimā shā'a وَلَا يُحِيطُونَ بِشَيْءٍ مِّنْ عِلْمِهِ ٓ إِلَّا بِمَا شَآءَ ۚ

His knowledge extends over the heavens and the earth,

wasi`a kursīyuhu assamāwāti wa al-'arḍa

and the preservation of them both tires Him not,

wa lā ya'ūduhu ḥifzuhumā وَلَا يَـُودُهُ اللَّهِ مَا عَلَمُهُمَا

and He is the Most High, the Great (255). wa huwa al-`alīyu al-`azīmu .

lā 'ikrāha fī ad-dīni

There is no compulsion in religion; truly the right way has

become clearly distinct

from error;

gad tabayyana ar-rushdu

mina al-ghayyi

قَد تَّبَيَّنَ ٱلرُّشَٰدُ مِنَ ٱلْغَيِّ

therefore, whoever disbelieves in the Shaitan and believes in Allah he indeed has laid hold on the firmest handle, which shall not break off,

faman yakfur biţ-ţāghūti wa yu'min billāhi faqad astamsaka bil-`urwati alwuthqā lā anfiṣāma lahā فَمَن يَكُفُر بِٱلطَّغُوتِ
وَيُؤْمِنَ بِٱللَّهِ فَقَدِ
ٱسۡتَمۡسَكَ بِٱلْعُرۡوَةِ ٱلۡوُثَقَىٰ
لَا ٱنفصَامَ لَهَا ۗ

and Allah is Hearing, Knowing (256).

wa allāhu samī`un `alīmun . وَٱللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ 🗃

ĀYAT AL-KURSĪ 3

Allah is the guardian of those who believe. He brings them out of the darkness into the light; allāhu wa līyu al-ladhīna 'āmanū yukhrijuhum mina az-zulumāti 'ilā annūri ٱللَّهُ وَلِيُّ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ يُخْرِجُهُم مِّنَ ٱلظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى ٱلنُّورِ

and (as to) those who disbelieve, their guardians are Shaitans who take them out of the light into the darkness;

wa al-ladhīna kafarū 'awliyā'uuhum aţ-ţāghūtu yukhrijūnahum mina annūri 'ilā az-zulumāti وَٱلَّذِيرَ كَفَرُوۤا أُوۡلِيَاۤوُهُمُ ٱلطَّغُوتُ يُخۡرِجُونَهُم مِّرَ ٱلنُّورِ إِلَى ٱلظُّلُمَاتِ ۗ أُوْلَتَهِكَ أَصۡحَلِبُ ٱلنَّارِ ۖ

they are the inmates of the fire, in it they shall abide

hum fīhā khālidūna .

'ūlā'ika 'ashābu an-nāri

هُمْ فِيهَا خَلِدُونَ ﴿

In The Name Of Allah, The Beneficent, The SŪRAT YĀSĪN (36) bismi allāhi ar-raḥmāni

بِسْ إِلَّهُ التَّحْرَا لَكَ التَّحْرَا لَا التَّحْرَا لَا التَّحْرَا لَا التَّحْرَا لَا التَّحْرَا

Ya Seen. (1)

Merciful.

(257).

ar-raḥīmi

yā-sīn.

I swear by the Qur'an full of wisdom (2) Most surely you are one of the messengers (3)

wa al-qur'āni al-ḥakīmi.

وَٱلۡقُرۡءَانِ ٱلۡحُكِيمِ ۞

On a right way. (4)

wa ai-qui aiii ai-ilakiiiii 'innaka lamina al-

إنَّكَ لَمِنَ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿

A revelation of the Mighty, the Merciful. (5)

`alā şirāţin mustaqīmin.

mursalīna.

عَلَىٰ صِرَاطٍ مُّسْتَقِيمِ

That you may warn a people whose fathers were not warned, so they are heedless. (6) tanzīla al-`azīzi arraḥīmi.

تَنزِيلَ ٱلْعَزِيزِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ ۞

Certainly the word has proved true of most of them, so they do not litundhira qawmān mā 'undhira 'ābā'uuhum fahum ghāfilūna. لِتُنذِرَ قَوْمًا مَّآ أُنذِرَ ءَابَآؤُهُمَ فَهُمْ غَنفِلُونَ ﴿

laqad ḥaqqa al-qawlu `alā 'aktharihim fahum lā yu'minūna.

لَقَدُ حَقَّ ٱلْقَوْلُ عَلَىٰ أَكْثَرِهِمْ

believe.(7)

Surely We have placed chains on their necks, and these reach up to their chins, so they have their heads raised aloft. (8)

And We have made before them a barrier and a barrier behind them, then We have covered them over so that they do not see.(9)

And it is alike to them whether you warn them or warn them not: they do not believe. (10)

You can only warn him who follows the reminder and fears the Beneficent Allah in secret; so an o him forgiveness and an honorable reward.(11)

Surely We give life to the dead, and We write down what they have sent before and their footprints, and We have recorded everything in a clear writing. (12)

And set out to them an example of the people of the town, when the messengers came to it.

'innā ja`alnā fī 'a`nāqihim 'aghlālān fahiya 'ilā al-'adhqāni fahum muqmaḥūna.

wa ja`alnā min bayni 'aydīhim saddān wa min khalfihim saddān fa'aghshaynāhum fahum lā yubṣirūna .

wa sawā'un `alayhim 'a'andhartahum 'am lam tundhirhum lā yu'minūna.

'innamā tundhiru man attaba`a adh-dhikra wa khashiya ar-raḥmana bil-ghaybi fabashshirhu bimaghfiratin wa 'ajrin karīmin.

'innā naḥnu nuḥyi almawtā wa naktubu mā qaddamū wa 'āthārahum wa kulla shay'in 'ḥṣaynāhu fī 'imāmin mubīnin .

wa adrib lahum mathalān 'aṣḥāba algaryati 'idh jā'ahā alفَهُم لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ٢

إِنَّا جَعَلْنَا فِيَ أَعْنَىقِهِمْ أَغْلَلاً فَهُم فَهِي إِلَى ٱلْأَذْقَانِ فَهُم مُّقْمَحُونَ ﴾

وَجَعَلْنَا مِنْ بَيْنِ أَيْدِيمِمْ سَدًّا وَمِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ سَدًّا فَأَغْشَيْنَهُمْ فَهُمْ لَا يُبْصِرُونَ

وَسَوَآءُ عَلَيْهِمْ ءَأَنذَرْتَهُمْ أَمْ لَمْ تُنذِرْهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ إِنَّمَا تُنذِرُ مَنِ ٱتَّبَعَ ٱلذِّكْرَ وَخَشِى ٱلرَّحْمُنَ بِٱلْغَيْبِ لَٰ فَبَشِّرْهُ بِمَغْفِرَةٍ وَأَجْرٍ كَرِيمٍ

إِنَّا خَنْ نُحْيِ ٱلْمَوْتَىٰ وَنَكْتُبُ مَا قَدَّمُواْ وَءَاثَرَهُمْ ۚ وَكُلَّ شَىْءٍ أَحْصَيْنَهُ فِيْ إِمَامِ مُّبِينٍ

وَٱضْرِبْ لَهُم مَّثَلاً أَصْحَلبَ

(13)

mursalūna .

ٱلْقَرْيَةِ إِذْ جَآءَهَا ٱلْمُرْسَلُونَ

When We sent to them two, they rejected both of them, then We strengthened (them) with a third, so they said: Surely we are messengers to you.(14)

'idh 'arsalnā 'ilayhim athnayni fakadhdhabūhumā fa`azzaznā bithālithin faqālū 'innā 'ilaykum mursalūna . إِذْ أَرْسَلْنَآ إِلَيْهِمُ ٱثْنَيْنِ
فَكَذَّبُوهُمَا فَعَزَّزْنَا بِثَالِثٍ
فَقَالُوۤا إِنَّا إِلَيْكُم مُّرْسَلُونَ

They said: You are naught but mortals like ourselves, nor has the Beneficent Allah revealed anything; you only lie. (15)

qālū mā 'antum 'illā basharun mithlunā wa mā 'anzala ar-raḥmānu min shay'in 'in 'antum 'illā takdhibūna . قَالُواْ مَآ أَنتُمْ إِلَّا بَشَرُّ مِثَلُنا وَمَآ أَنزَلَ ٱلرَّحْمَانُ مِن شَيْءٍ إِنْ أَنتُمْ إِلَّا تَكَذِبُونَ ﴿ قَالُواْ رَبُّنَا يَعْلَمُ إِنَّا إِلَيْكُمْ لَمُرْسَلُونَ ﴿

They said: Our Lord knows that we are most surely messengers to you.(16)

qālū rabbunā ya`lamu 'innā 'ilaykum lamursalūna .

wa mā `alaynā 'illā al-

balāghu al-mubīnu.

وَمَا عَلَيْنَاۤ إِلَّا ٱلۡبَلَـٰغُ

And nothing devolves on us but a clear deliverance (of the message). (17)

> qālū 'innā taṭayyarnā bikum la'in lam tantahū lanarjumannakum wa layamassannakum

minnā `adhābun 'alīmun

قَالُوٓا إِنَّا تَطَيَّرُنَا بِكُمْ لَإِن لَّمْ تَاتَهُوا إِنَّا تَطَيَّرُنَا بِكُمْ لَإِن لَّمْ تَنتُهُوا لَنَرْجُمُنَّكُمْ وَلَيَمَسَّنَّكُم مِنَّا عَذَابُ أَلِيمُ ﴿

They said: Surely we augur evil from you; if you do not desist, we will certainly stone you, and there shall certainly afflict you a painful chastisement from us. (18)

qālū ţā'irukum ma`akum 'a'in dhukkirtum bal 'antum qawmun musrifūna . قَالُواْ طَنِيرُكُم مَّعَكُمْ ۚ أَيِن ذُكِّرْتُم ۚ بَلۡ أَنتُمۡ قَوۡمُ ۗ مُسۡرِفُورِ . َ ﴾

They said: Your evil fortune is with you; what! if you are reminded! Nay, you are an extravagant people. (19)

And from the remote part of the city there came a man running, he said: O my people! follow the messengers; (20)

Follow him who does not ask you for reward, and they are the followers of the right course;(21)

And what reason have I that I should not serve

Him Who brought me into existence? And to Him you shall be brought back; (22) What! shall I take besides Him gods whose intercession, If the Beneficent Allah should desire to afflict me with a harm, shall not avail me aught, nor shall they be able to deliver

Surely I believe in your Lord, therefore hear me. (25)

In that case I shall most

surely be in clear

me?(23)

error:(24)

It was said: Enter the garden. He said: O would that my people had known (26)

Of that on account of which my Lord has forgiven me and made me of the honored ones! wa jā'a min 'aqṣā almadīnati rajulun yas`ā qāla yā qawmi attabi`ū al-mursalīna .

attabi`ū man lā yas'alukum 'ajrān wa hum muhtadūna .

wa mā liya lā 'a`budu al-ladhī faṭaranī wa 'ilayhi turja`ūna .

'a'attakhidhu min dūnihi 'ālihatan 'in yuridni arraḥmānu biḍurrin lā tughni `annī shafā`atuhum shay'ān wa lā yunqidhūni .

'innī 'idhān lafī ḍalālin mubīnin .

'innī 'āmantu birabbikum fāsma`ūni .

qīla adkhul al-jannata qāla yā layta qawmī ya`lamūna .

bimā ghafara lī rabbī wa ja`alanī mina almukramīna . وَجَآءَ مِنْ أَقْصَا ٱلْمَدِينَةِ
رَجُلُّ يَسْعَىٰ قَالَ يَنقَوْمِ
ٱتَّبِعُواْ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ

ٱتَّبِعُواْ مَن لَّا يَسْئَلُكُمْ أَجْرًا وَهُم مُّهۡتَدُونَ ﴿

وَمَا لِيَ لَآ أَعْبُدُ ٱلَّذِي فَطَرَنِي وَمَا لِيَ لَآ أَعْبُدُ ٱلَّذِي وَطَرَنِي

ءَأَتَّذِذُ مِن دُونِهِ ٓ ءَالِهَةً إِن يُرِدْنِ ٱلرَّحْمَنُ بِضُرِّ لَا تُغْنِ عَنِّى شَفَعَتُهُمْ شَيَّا وَلَا يُنقِذُونِ ۚ

إِنَّى إِذًا لَّفِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِين ﴿

إِنَّ ءَامَنتُ بِرَبِّكُمْ فَٱسْمَعُونِ

قِيلَ ٱدۡخُلِ ٱلۡجِنَّةَ ۖ قَالَ يَعَلَيْتَ قَوْمِي يَعۡلَمُونَ ﴿

بِمَا غَفَرَ لِي رَبِّي وَجَعَلَنِي مِنَ اللهُ عَلَنِي مِنَ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْ اللهُ اللهُولِي اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ

(27)

And We did not send down upon his people after him any hosts from heaven, nor do We ever send down.(28)

It was naught but a single cry, and lo! they were still. (29)

Alas for the servants! there comes not to them an messenger but they mock at him.(30)

Do they not consider how many of the generations have We destroyed before them, because they do not turn to them?(31)

And all of them shall surely be brought before Us. (32)

And a sign to them is the dead earth: We give life to it and bring forth from it grain, so they eat of it.(33)

And We make therein gardens of palms and grapevines and We make springs to flow forth in it, (34) wa mā 'anzalnā `alā qawmihi min ba`dihi min jundin mina assamā'i wa mā kunnā munzilīna .

'in kānat 'illā şayḥatan wāḥidatan fa'idhā hum khāmidūna .

yā ḥasratan `alā al-`ibādi mā ya'tīhim min rasūlin 'illā kānū bihi yastahzi'ūn .

'alam yaraw kam 'ahlaknā qablahum mina al-qurūni 'annahum 'ilayhim lā yarji`ūna .

wa 'in kullun lammā jamī`un ladaynā muḥḍarūna .

wa 'āyatun lahum al-'arḍu al-maytatu 'aḥyaynāhā wa 'akhrajnā minhā ḥabbān faminhu ya'kulūna .

wa ja`alnā fīhā jannātin min nakhīlin wa 'a`nābin wa fajjarnā fīhā mina al-`uyūni . وَمَآ أُنزَلْنَا عَلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ مِن بَعْدِهِ مِن جُندٍ مِن بَعْدِهِ مِن جُندٍ مِن أَلَسَمَآءِ وَمَا كُنّا مُنزِلِينَ اللهَ السَّمَآءِ وَمَا كُنّا مُنزِلِينَ اللهَ إِن كَانَتْ إِلَّا صَيْحَةً وَاحِدَةً فَإِذَا هُمْ خَنمِدُونَ اللهَ مَا يَنحَمْرَةً عَلَى ٱلْعَبَاد مَا يَنحَمْرَةً عَلَى ٱلْعَبَاد مَا مَا يَنحَمْرَةً عَلَى الْعَبَاد مَا مَا يَنحَمْرَةً عَلَى الْعَبَاد مَا مَا يَنحَمْرَةً عَلَى الْعَبَاد مَا مَا يَنْ الْعَبَاد مَا يَنْ مَا يَنْ الْعَبَاد مَا يَنْ الْعَبَادِيْ مَا يَنْ الْعَبَاد مِنْ اللّهُ عَلَى الْعَبَاد مَا يَنْ اللّهُ عَلَى الْعَبَاد مَا يَا يَنْ الْعَبَاد مَا يَا يَنْ الْعَبَادِ مَا يَا يَعْمَادُ عَلَى الْعَبَادِيْ الْعَبَادِيْ الْعَبَادِيْ الْعَبَادِيْ الْعَبَادِيْ عَلَيْ الْعَبَادِيْ مِنْ الْعَبَادِيْ عَلَيْ الْعَنْ الْعُنْ الْعَنْ الْعَنْ الْعَنْ الْعَنْ الْعُنْ الْعَنْ الْعَالِيْ الْعَبَادِيْ مَا يَعْ مَا يَعْمُ الْعُنْ الْعُنْ الْعُنْ الْعُنْ الْعَنْ الْعُنْ الْعُنْ عَلَامُ الْعُنْ الْعُلْعُلُولُولُولُ الْعُنْ الْعُنْ الْعُنْ الْعُنْ الْعُنْ الْعُنْ الْعُنْ الْعُنْ الْعُنْ الْعُ

يَأْتِيهِم مِّن رَّسُولٍ إِلَّا كَانُواْ بهِ۔ يَسۡتَهۡزءُونَ ۞

أَلَمْ يَرَوْاْ كَرْ أَهْلَكْنَا قَبْلَهُم مِّرَ لَلْقُرُونِ أَنَّهُمْ إِلَيْهِمْ لَا يَرْجِعُونَ ﴿

وَإِن كُلُّ لَّمًا جَمِيعٌ لَّدَيْنَا مُحْمِيعٌ لَّدَيْنَا مُحْضَرُونَ ﴿

وَءَايَةٌ لَهُمُ ٱلْأَرْضُ ٱلْمَيْتَةُ الْحَيْنَا مِنْهَا حَبًا فَمِيْنَا مِنْهَا حَبًا فَمِنْهُ يَأْكُلُونَ

وَجَعَلْنَا فِيهَا جَنَّىتٍ مِّن خَّنِيلٍ وَأَعْنَىبٍ وَفَجَّرْنَا فِيهَا مِنَ ٱلْعُیُون ﷺ

That they may eat of the fruit thereof, and their hands did not make it; will they not then be grateful?(35)

liya'kulū min thamarihi wa mā `amilat/hu 'aydīhim 'afalā yashkurūna . لِيَأْكُلُواْ مِن ثَمَرِهِ وَمَا عَمِلَةُ فَكُلُواْ مِن ثَمَرِهِ وَمَا عَمِلَتْهُ أَيْدِيهِمْ أَافَلَا يَشْكُرُونَ ﴿

Glory be to Him Who created pairs of all things, of what the earth grows, and of their kind and of what they do not know.(36)

subḥāna al-ladhī khalaqa al-'azwāja kullahā mimmā tunbitu al-'arḍu wa min 'anfusihim wa mimmā lā ya`lamūna . سُبْحَانَ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ ٱلْأَزْوَاجَ
كُلُهَا مِمَّا تُنْبِتُ ٱلْأَرْضُ
وَمِنْ أَنفُسِهِمْ وَمِمَّا لَا
يَعْلَمُون هَ

And a sign to them is the night: We draw forth from it the day, then lo! they are in the dark;(37)

wa 'āyatun lahumu allaylu naslakhu minhu an-nahāra fa'idhā hum muẓlimūna . وَءَايَةٌ لَّهُمُ ٱلَّيْلُ نَسْلَخُ مِنْهُ النَّهَارَ فَإِذَا هُم النَّهَارَ فَإِذَا هُم مُظْلِمُونَ ﴿

And the sun runs on to a term appointed for it; that is the ordinance of the Mighty, the Knowing.(38)

wa ash-shamsu tajrī limustaqarrin lahā dhālika taqdīru al-`azīzi al-`alīmi . وَٱلشَّمْسُ جَّرِى لِمُسْتَقَرِّ لَّهَا أَلْعَزِيزِ ٱلْعَلِيمِ أَلْعَزِيزِ ٱلْعَلِيمِ

And (as for) the moon, We have ordained for it stages till it becomes again as an old dry palm branch. (39)

wa al-qamara qaddarnāhu manāzila ḥattā `āda kāl`urjūni alqadīmi . وَٱلْقَمَرَ قَدَّرْنَاهُ مَنَازِلَ حَتَّىٰ عَادَ كَٱلْعُرْجُونِ

Neither is it allowable to the sun that it should overtake the moon, nor can the night outstrip the day; and all float on in a sphere. (40) lā ash-shamsu yanbaghī lahā 'an tudrika alqamara wa lā al-laylu sābiqu an-nahāri wa kullun fī falakin yasbaḥūna . ٱلْقَدِيمِ ﴿

لَا ٱلشَّمْسُ يُنْبَغِى هَا آَن تُدْرِكَ ٱلْقَمَرَ وَلَا ٱلَّيْلُ سَابِقُ ٱلنَّهَارِ ۚ وَكُلُّ فِي فَلَكِ

بِسَبَحُونَ ﴿

And a sign to them is that We bear their offspring in the laden ship. (41)

And We have created for them the like of it, what they will ride on. (42)

And if We please, We can drown them, then there shall be no succorer for them, nor shall they be rescued(43)

But (by) mercy from Us and for enjoyment till a time. (44)

And when it is said to them: Guard against what is before you and what is behind you, that mercy may be had on you. (45)

And there comes not to them a communication of the communications of their Lord but they turn aside from it.(46)

And when it is said to them: Spend out of what Allah has given you, those who disbelieve say to those who believe: Shall we feed him whom, if Allah please, He could feed? You are wa 'āyatun lahum 'annā ḥamalnā dhurrīyatahum fī al-fulki al-mashḥūni .

wa khalaqnā lahum min mithlihi mā yarkabūna .

wa 'in nasha' nughriqhum falā şarīkha lahum wa lā hum yunqadhūna .

'illā raḥmatan minnā wa matā`ān 'ilā ḥīnin .

wa 'idhā qīla lahum attaqū mā bayna 'aydīkum wa mā khalfakum la`allakum turḥamūna .

wa mā ta'tīhim min 'āyatin min 'āyāti rabbihim 'illā kānū `anhā mu`ridīna .

wa 'idhā qīla lahum
'anfiqū mimmā
razaqakumu allāhu qāla
al-ladhīna kafarū
lilladhīna 'āmanū
'anuţ` imu man law
yashā'u allāhu
'at` amahu 'in 'antum

وَءَايَةٌ لَّهُمْ أَنَّا حَمَلْنَا ذُرِّيَّتُهُمْ فِي اللهُ الْمُشْحُونِ اللهُ الْمُشْحُونِ اللهُ

وَخَلَقْنَا لَهُم مِّن مِّثْلِهِ مَا يَرْكَبُونَ ﴿

وَإِن نَّشَأَ نُغْرِقْهُمْ فَلَا صَرِيخَ فَلَا صَرِيخَ فَلَا صَرِيخَ فَلُمْ وَلَا هُمْ يُنقَذُونَ ﴿

إِلَّا رَحْمَةً مِّنَّا وَمَتَنعًا إِلَىٰ حِينٍ

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ ٱتَّقُواْ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيكُمْ وَمَا خَلْفَكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ ﴿

وَمَا تَأْتِيهِم مِّنْ ءَايَةٍ مِّنْ ءَايَنتِ رَبِّهِمْ إِلَّا كَانُواْ عَنْهَا مُعْرِضِينَ ﴿

وَإِذَا قِيلَ هَمْ أَنفِقُواْ مِمَّا رَزَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ قَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفُواْ أَنْطُعِمُ كَفَوُواْ لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ أَنْطُعِمُ مَن لَوْ نَشَآءُ اللَّهُ أَطْعَمَهُ رَانَ مَن لَوْ نَشَآءُ اللَّهُ أَطْعَمَهُ رَانَ

in naught but clear error. (47)

And they say: When will this threat come to pass, if you are truthful? (48)

They wait not for aught but a single cry which will overtake them while they yet contend with one another.(49)

So they shall not be able to make a bequest, nor shall they return to their families. (50)

And the trumpet shall be blown, when lo! from their graves they shall hasten on to their Lord. (51)

They shall say: O woe to us! who has raised us up from our sleeping-place? This is what the Beneficent Allah promised and the messengers told the truth. (52)

There would be naught but a single cry, when lo ! they shall all be brought before Us; (53)

So this day no soul shall be dealt with unjustly in the least; and you shall 'illā fī ḍalālin mubīnin .

wa yaqūlūna matā hādhā al-wa`du 'in kuntum ṣādiqīna .

mā yanzurūna 'illā şayḥatan wāḥidatan ta'khudhuhum wa hum yakhiṣṣimūna .

falā yastaţī`ūna tawṣiyatan wa lā 'ilā 'ahlihim yarji`ūna .

wa nufikha fī aş-şūri fa'idhā hum mina al-'ajdāthi 'ilā rabbihim yansilūna .

qālū yā waylanā man ba`athanā min marqadinā hādhā mā wa`ada ar-raḥmānu wa ṣadaqa al-mursalūna .

'in kānat 'illā şayḥatan wāḥidatan fa'idhā hum jamī`un ladaynā muḥḍarūna .

fālyawma lā tuzlamu nafsun shay'ān wa lā tujzawna 'illā mā أَنتُمْ إِلَّا فِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ ﴿ وَيَقُولُونَ مَتَىٰ هَنذَا ٱلْوَعْدُ إِن كُنتُمْ صَدِقِينَ ﴿ وَيَ

مَا يَنظُرُونَ إِلَّا صَيْحَةً وَ'حِدَةً تَأْخُدُهُمْ وَهُمْ يَخِصِّمُونَ ٢

فَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ تَوْصِيَةً وَلَا إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهِمْ

يَرْجِعُونَ 🕲

وَنُفِخَ فِي ٱلصُّورِ فَإِذَا هُم مِّنَ ٱلْأَجْدَاثِ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ يَنسِلُونَ ﴾ يَنسِلُونَ ﴾

قَالُواْ يَنوَيْلَنَا مَنْ بَعَثَنَا مِن مَّرْقَدِنَا لَهُ هَاذَا مَا وَعَدَ ٱلرَّحْمَانُ وَصَدَقَ ٱلْمُرْسَلُونَ

إِن كَانَتْ إِلَّا صَيْحَةً وَاحِدَةً فَإِذَا هُمْ جَمِيعٌ لَّدَيْنَا مُخْضَرُونَ فَيْ

فَٱلْيَوْمَ لَا تُظْلَمُ نَفْسٌ شَيًّا

not be rewarded aught but that which you	kuntum ta`malūna .	وَلَا تَجُزَوْنَ إِلَّا مَا كُنتُمْ
did.(54)		تَعْمَلُونَ 🚇
Surely the dwellers of the garden shall on that day be in an occupation quite happy. (55)	'inna 'aṣḥāba al-jannati al-yawma fī shughulin fākihūna .	إِنَّ أَصْحَبَ ٱلْجَنَّةِ ٱلْيَوْمَ فِي شُغُلٍ فَكِكُهُونَ ﴿
They and their wives shall be in shades, reclining on raised couches. (56)	hum wa 'azwājuhum fi zilālin `alā al-'arā'iki muttaki'ūna .	هُمْ وَأُزُواجُهُمْ فِي ظِلَالٍ عَلَى اللهُمْ وَأُرُواجُهُمْ فِي ظِلَالٍ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ وَاللهُ اللهُ اللهُ
They shall have fruits therein, and they shall have whatever they desire.(57)	lahum fīhā fākihatun wa lahum mā yadda`ūna .	لَهُمْ فِيهَا فَلِكَهَةٌ وَلَهُم مَّا يَدَّعُونَ ﴿
Peace: a word from a Merciful Lord. (58)	salāmun qawlān min rabbin raḥīmin .	سَلَنُمُ قَوْلاً مِّن رَّبٍ رَّحِيمٍ
And get aside today, O guilty ones! (59)	wa amtāzū al-yawma 'ayyuhā al-mujrimūna .	وَٱمۡتَنُواْ ٱلۡيَوۡمَ أَيُّا ٱلۡمُجۡرِمُونَ
Did I not charge you, O children of Adam, that you should not serve the Shaitan? Surely he is your open enemy,(60)	'alam 'a`had 'ilaykum yā banī 'ādama 'an lā ta`budū ash-shayṭāna 'innahu lakum `adūwun mubīnun .	 أَلَمْ أَعْهَدُ إِلَيْكُمْ يَسَنِيَ ءَادَمَ أَن لا تَعْبُدُواْ ٱلشَّيْطَنَ إِنَّهُ لَكُمْ عَدُوُّ مُّيِنٌ ۚ
And that you should serve Me; this is the right way. (61)	wa 'an a`budūnī hādhā şirāţun mustaqīmun .	وَأْنِ آعَبُدُونِي ۚ هَٰذَا صِرَاطُ مُسْتَقِيمُ ﴿
And certainly he led astray numerous people from among you. What!	wa laqad 'aḍalla minkum jibillān kathīrān 'afalam takūnū ta`qilūna .	وَلَقَدُ أَضَلٌ مِنكُمْ حِبِلاً

could you not then understand?(62)

كَثِيرًا لَهُ أَفَلَمْ تَكُونُواْ

تَعْقِلُونَ 📳

This is the hell with which you were threatened. (63)

hadhihi jahannamu allatī kuntum tū`adūna . هَاذِهِ عَهَانُمُ ٱلَّتِي كُنتُمْ

Enter into it this day because you disbelieved.(64)

aşlawhā al-yawma bimā kuntum takfurūna . ٱصلَوْهَا ٱلۡيَوْمَ بِمَا كُنتُمْ

On that day We will set a seal upon their mouths, and their hands shall speak to Us, and their feet shall bear witness of what they earned.(65)

al-yawma nakhtimu `alā 'afwāhihim wa tukallimunā 'aydīhim wa tash/hadu 'arjuluhum bimā kānū yaksibūna . ٱلْيَوْمَ خُتِيمُ عَلَىٰ أَفْوَ هِهِمْ وَتُكَلِّمُنَا أَيْدِيهِمْ وَتَشْهَدُ أَرْجُلُهُم بِمَا كَانُواْ يَكْسِبُونَ

And if We please We would certainly put out their eyes, then they would run about groping for the way, but how should they see? (66)

wa law nashā'u laṭamasnā `alā 'a`yunihim fāstabaqū aṣ-ṣirāṭa fa'annā yubṣirūna . وَلَوْ نَشَآءُ لَطَمَسْنَا عَلَىٰ أَعْيُنِهِمْ فَٱسْتَبَقُوا ٱلصِّرَاطَ فَأَنَّىٰ يُبْصِرُونَ ﴿

And if We please We would surely transform them in their place, then they would not be able to go on, nor will they return. (67)

wa law nashā'u lamasakhnāhum `alā makānatihim famā astaṭā`ū muḍīyān wa lā yarji`ūna . وَلَوْ نَشَاءُ لَمُسَخِّنَهُمْ عَلَىٰ مَكَانَتِهِمْ فَمَا ٱسْتَطَعُواْ مُضِيًّا وَلَا يَرْجِعُونَ ﴾

And whomsoever We cause to live long, We reduce (him) to an abject state in constitution; do they not then understand?(68)

wa man nu`ammirhu nunakkis/hu fī al-khalqi 'afalā ya`qilūna . وَمَن نُّعَمِّرَهُ نُنَكِّسُهُ فِي اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّالِمُ الللِّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُوالِمُولِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْ

And We have not taught him poetry, nor is it meet for him; it is nothing but a reminder and a plain Qur'an, (69)

That it may warn him who would have life, and (that) the word may prove true against the unbelievers. (70)

Do they not see that We have created cattle for them, out of what Our hands have wrought, so they are their masters? (71)

And We have subjected them to them, so some of them they have to ride upon, and some of them they eat.(72)

And therein they have advantages and drinks; will they not then be grateful?(73)

And they have taken gods besides Allah that they may be helped. (74)

(But) they shall not be able to assist them, and they shall be a host brought up before them.(75)

Therefore let not their speech grieve you; surely We know what they do in secret and what they do wa mā `allamnāhu ashshi`ra wa mā yanbaghī lahu 'in huwa 'illā dhikrun wa qur'ānun mubīnun .

liyundhira man kāna ḥayyān wa yaḥiqqa alqawlu `alā al-kāfirīna .

'awalam yaraw 'annā khalaqnā lahum mimmā `amilat 'aydīnā 'an`āmān fahum lahā mālikūna .

wa dhallalnāhā lahum faminhā rakūbuhum wa minhā ya'kulūna .

wa lahum fīhā manāfi`u wa mashāribu 'afalā yashkurūna .

wa attakhadhū min dūni allāhi 'ālihatan la`allahum yunṣarūna .

lā yastaţī`ūna naṣrahum wa hum lahum jundun muḥḍarūna .

falā yaḥzunka qawluhum 'innā na`lamu mā yusirrūna wa mā yu`linūna . وَمَا عَلَّمْنَهُ ٱلشِّعْرَ وَمَا يَلْبَغِي لَهُرَ ً وَمَا يَلْبَغِي لَهُرَ ً إِنِّ هُو إِلَّا ذِكْرٌ وَقُرْءَانٌ مُبِينٌ هَ

لِيُنذِرَ مَن كَانَ حَيًّا وَتَحَقَّ الْفَوْلُ عَلَى ٱلْكَفِرِين ﴿ اللَّهُ مَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِمَّا أَوْلَمْ يَرَوْا أَنًا خَلَقْنَا لَهُم مِّمًا عَمِلَتُ أَيْدِينَآ أَنْعَلَمًا فَهُمْ لَهَا مَلِكُونَ ﴿

وَذَلَّلَنَهَا لَهُمْ فَمِنْهَا رَكُوبُهُمْ وَمِنْهَا يَأْكُلُونَ

وَهُمْ فِيهَا مَنْفِعُ وَمَشَارِبُ أَفَلَا يَشَكُرُونَ ﴿

وَآتَخُذُواْ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ ءَالِهَةً لَعَلَّهُمْ يُنصَرُونَ عَلَيْهَا

لَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ نَصْرَهُمْ وَهُمْ هُمْ جُندُ تُحْضَرُونَ ﴿

فَلَا تَحَرُّنكَ قَوْلُهُمْ ۗ إِنَّا نَعْلَمُ مَا يُسِرُّونَ وَمَا يُعْلِنُونَ ﴿ openly.(76)

Does not man see that We have created him from the small seed? Then lo! he is an open disputant.(77)

And he strikes out a likeness for Us and forgets his own creation. Says he: Who will give life to the bones when they are rotten? (78)

Say: He will give life to them Who brought them into existence at first, and He is cognizant of all creation (79)

He Who has made for you the fire (to burn) from the green tree, so that with it you kindle (fire).(80)

Is not He Who created the heavens and the earth able to create the like of them? Yea! and He is the Creator (of all), the Knower.(81)

His command, when He intends anything, is only to say to it: Be, so it is.(82)

Therefore glory be to Him in Whose hand is 'awalam yara al-'insānu 'annā khalaqnāhu min nuṭfatin fa'idhā huwa khaṣīmun mubīnun .

wa ḍaraba lanā mathalān wa nasiya khalqahu qāla man yuḥyī al-`izāma wa hiya ramīmun .

qul yuḥyīhā al-ladhī 'ansha'ahā 'awwala marratin wa huwa bikulli khalqin `alīmun .

al-ladhī ja`ala lakum mina ash-shajari al-'akhḍari nārān fa'idhā 'antum minhu tūqidūna .

'awalaysa al-ladhī khalaqa as-samāwāti wa al-'arḍa biqādirin `alā 'an yakhluqa mithlahum balā wa huwa alkhallāqu al-`alīmu .

'innamā 'amruhu 'idhā 'arāda shay'ān 'an yaqūla lahu kun fayakūnu .

fasubḥāna al-ladhī biyadihi malakūtu kulli وَضَرَبَ لَنَا مَثَلاً وَنَسِىَ خَلْقَهُرُ قَالَ مَن يُحْيِ ٱلْعِظِهُم وَهِيَ رَمِيمُ عَلَيْ

قُلْ يُحْيِيهَا ٱلَّذِيّ أَنشَأَهَا أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ وَهُو بِكُلِّ خَلْقٍ عَلِيمُ

ٱلَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُر مِّنَ ٱلشَّجَرِ ٱلْأَخْضَرِ نَارًا فَإِذَآ أَنتُم مِّنْهُ تُوقِدُونَ ۞

أُولَيْسَ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَاتِ
وَٱلْأَرْضَ بِقَندِرٍ عَلَىٰ أَن يَحْلُقَ
مِثْلَهُمُ أَبلَىٰ وَهُوَ ٱلْخَلَّقُ
ٱلْعَلِيمُ

إِنَّمَآ أُمْرُهُۥ ٓ إِذَآ أَرَادَ شَيَّا أَن يَقُولَ لَهُۥ كُن فَيَكُون ﴿ فَشُبْحَنَ ٱلَّذِي بِيَدِهِۦ

the kingdom of all things, and to Him you shall be brought back. (83) shay'in wa 'ilayhi turja`ūna . مَلَكُوتُ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَإِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿

SŪRAT AL-RAḤMĀN (THE BENEFICENT; 55)

In The Name Of Allah, The Beneficent, The Merciful

bismi allāhi arraḥmāni ar-raḥīmi بنسب إللَّهُ ٱللَّهُ أَلِرَجُهُمُ

The Beneficent Allah,(1)

ar-raḥmānu .

ٱلرَّحْمَانُ ١

Taught the Quran.(2)

`allama al-qur'āna .

عَلَّمَ ٱلْقُرْءَانَ ﴿

He created man,(3)

khalaqa al-'insāna .

خَلَقَ ٱلْإِنسَانَ ﴿

Taught him the mode of expression.(4)

`allamahu albayāna .

عَلَّمَهُ ٱلۡبَيَانَ ۞

The sun and the moon follow a reckoning.(5)

ash-shamsu wa alqamaru biḥusbānin

ٱلشَّمْسُ وَٱلْقَمَرُ بِحُسْبَانٍ ﴿

And the herbs and the trees do prostrate (to Him).(6)

wa an-najmu wa ash-shajaru yasjudāni .

وَٱلنَّجْمُ وَٱلشَّجَرُ يَسْجُدَانِ ١

And the heaven, He raised it high, and He made the balance(7)

wa as-samā'a rafa`ahā wa waḍa`a al-mīzāna . وَٱلسَّمَآءَ رَفَعَهَا وَوَضَعَ

That you may not be inordinate in respect of the measure.(8)

'allā taṭghaw fī almīzāni . أَلَّا تَطْغَوْاْ فِي ٱلْمِيزَانِ ١

And keep up the balance with equity and do not make the measure deficient.(9)

wa 'aqīmū al-wazna bil-qisţi wa lā tukhsirū al-mīzāna . وَأَقِيمُواْ ٱلْوَزْنَ بِٱلْقِسْطِ وَلَا تُخْسِرُواْ ٱلْمِيزَانَ ﴿

And the earth, He has set it for living creatures;(10)

wa al-'arḍa waḍa`ahā lil'anāmi

وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَضَعَهَا لِلْأَنَامِ ٢

Therein is fruit and palms having sheathed clusters,(11)

fīhā fākihatun wa an-nakhlu dhātu al-'akmāmi .

فِيهَا فَلِكَهَةٌ وَٱلنَّخْلُ ذَاتُ ٱلْأَكْمَامِ

٦

And the grain with (its) husk and fragrance.(12) Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(13)

He created man from dry clay like earthen vessels,(14)

And He created the jinn of a flame of fire.(15)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(16)

Lord of the East and Lord of the West.(17)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(18)
He has made the two seas to flow freely (so that) they meet together:(19)
Between them is a barrier which they cannot pass.(20)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(21)

There come forth from them pearls, both large and small.(22) wa al-ḥabbu dhū al-`aṣfi wa ar-rayḥān . fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

khalaqa al-'insāna min şalşālin kālfakhkhāri .

wa khalaqa al-jānna min mārijin min nārin .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni . rabbu al-mashriqayni wa rabbu al-maghribayni . fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

maraja al-baḥrayni yaltaqiyāni .

baynahumā barzakhun lā yabghiyāni . fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

yakhruju minhumā al-lu'lu'u wa almarjānu . وَٱلْحِبُّ ذُو ٱلْعَصِفِ وَٱلرَّحُانُ

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

خَلَقَ ٱلْإِنسَانَ مِن صَلَصَالٍ كَٱلۡفَخَّارِ ۞

وَخَلَقَ ٱلْجَآنَّ مِن مَّارِجٍ مِّن نَّارٍ ﴿

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

رَبُّ ٱلْمُشْرِقَيْنِ وَرَبُّ ٱلْمُغْرِبَيْنِ ﴿

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

مَرَجَ ٱلْبَحْرَيْنِ يَلْتَقِيَانِ ﴿

بَيْنَهُمَا بَرْزَخٌ لا يَبْغِيَانِ

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

تَخَرُّجُ مِنْهُمَا ٱللُّؤْلُؤُ وَٱلْمَرْجَانُ

T

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(23)

And His are the ships reared aloft in the sea like mountains.(24)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(25)

Everyone on it must pass away.(26)

And there will endure for ever the person of your Lord, the Lord of glory and honor.(27)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(28)

All those who are in the heavens and the earth ask of Him; every moment He is in a state (of glory).(29)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(30)

Soon will We apply Ourselves to you, O you two armies.(31)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(32)

O assembly of the jinn and the men! If you are able to pass through the regions of the heavens and the earth, then pass through; you cannot pass through but with authority.(33)

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

wa lahu al-jawāri al-munsha'ātu fī albaḥri kāl'a`lāmi .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

kullu man `alayhā fānin .

wa yabqā wajhu rabbika dhū al-jalāli wa al-'ikrāmi .

> fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

yas'aluhu man fī assamāwāti wa al-'arḍi kulla yawmin huwa fī sha'nin .

> fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

sanafrughu lakum 'ayyuhā aththaqalāni .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

yā ma`shara aljinni wa al-'insi 'in astaţa`tum 'an tanfudhū min 'aqţāri as-samāwāti wa al-'arḍi fānfudhū lā tanfudhūna 'illā bisulţānin . فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿
وَلَهُ ٱلْجَوَارِ ٱلْمُنشَعَاتُ فِي ٱلْبَحْرِ
كَٱلْأُعْلَم ﴿

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

كُلُّ مَنْ عَلَيْهَا فَانٍ ﴿
وَيَبْقَىٰ وَجْهُ رَبِّكَ ذُو ٱلْجِلَالِ
وَيَبْقَىٰ وَجْهُ رَبِّكَ ذُو ٱلْجِلَالِ

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

يَسْءَلُهُ مَن فِي ٱلسَّمَـٰوَ'تِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ كُلَّ يَوْمٍ هُوَ فِي شَأْنٍ ﴿

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

سَنَفْرُغُ لَكُمۡ أَيُّهَ ٱلتَّقَلَانِ ﴿

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

يَهُ عَشَرَ ٱلْحِنِّ وَٱلْإِنسِ إِنِ ٱسۡتَطَعۡتُمۡ أَن تَنفُذُواْ مِنۡ أَقَطَارِ ٱلسَّمَوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ فَٱنفُذُوا ۚ لَا

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(34)

The flames of fire and smoke will be sent on you two, then you will not be able to defend yourselves.(35)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(36)

And when the heaven is rent asunder, and then becomes red like red hide.(37)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(38)

So on that day neither man nor jinni shall be asked about his sin.(39)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(40)

The guilty shall be recognized by their marks, so they shall be seized by the forelocks and the feet.(41)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(42)

This is the hell which the guilty called a lie.(43)

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

yursalu `alaykumā shuwāzun min nārin wa nuḥāsun falā tantaṣirāni .

> fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

fa'idhā anshaqqati as-samā'u fakānat wardatan kālddihāni

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni . fayawma'idhin lā yus'alu `an dhanbihi 'insun wa lā jānnun .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

yu`rafu almujrimūna bisīmāhum fayu'khadhu binnawāṣī wa al-'aqdāmi .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

hadhihi jahannamu allatī yukadhdhibu bihā al-mujrimūna . تَنفُذُونَ إِلَّا بِسُلْطَنِ ﴿

فَبِأًيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

يُرْسَلُ عَلَيْكُمَا شُوَاظٌ مِّن نَّارٍ وَخُاسٌ فَلَا تَنتَصِرَانِ ﴿

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

فَإِذَا ٱنشَقَّتِ ٱلسَّمَآءُ فَكَانَتُ وَرَدَةً كَالَّدِهَان ﴿

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

فَيَوْمَ إِذِ لَا يُشَعَلُ عَن ذَنْبِهِ آ إِنسٌ وَلَا جَآنٌ ﴾

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

يُعْرَفُ ٱلْمُجْرِمُونَ بِسِيمَاهُمْ فَيُؤْخَذُ بِٱلنَّوَ'صِي وَٱلْأَقْدَامِ

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

هَدْدِهِ - جَهَنَّمُ ٱلَّتِي يُكَذِّبُ بِهَا ٱلْمَحْرِمُونَ ﴿

Round about shall they go between it and hot, boiling water.(44) Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(45)

And for him who fears to stand before his Lord are two gardens.(46)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(47)
Having in them various kinds.(48)
Which then of the bounties of your Lord

In both of them are two fountains flowing. (50)

will you deny?(49)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(51)

In both of them are two pairs of every fruit.(52)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(53)

Reclining on beds, the inner coverings of which are of silk brocade; and the fruits of the two gardens shall be within reach.(54)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(55)
In them shall be those who restrained their eyes; before them

yaṭūfūna baynahā wa bayna ḥamīmin 'ānin .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

wa liman khāfa maqāma rabbihi jannatāni .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

dhawātā 'afnānin .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni . fīhimā `aynāni tajriyāni . fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā

tukadhdhibāni . fīhimā min kulli fākihatin zawjāni .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

muttaki'īna `alā furushin baţā'inuhā min 'istabraqin wa janā al-jannatayni dānin .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni . fīhinna qāṣirātu aţtarfi lam

vatmithhunna

يَطُوفُونَ بَيْنَهَا وَبَيْنَ حَمِيمٍ ءَانٍ ٢

فَبِّأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

وَلِمَنْ خَافَ مَقَامَ رَبِّهِ عَنَّتَانِ

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

ذَوَاتَآ أَفْنَانٍ

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

فِيهِمَا عَيْنَانِ تَجْرِيَانِ 🚭

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

فِيهِمَا مِن كُلِّ فَكِكَهَةٍ زَوْجَانِ ﴿

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

مُتَّكِمِينَ عَلَىٰ فُرُشٍ بَطَآبِنُهَا مِنْ إِسْتَبْرَقٍ ۚ وَجَنَى ٱلْجَنَّتَيْنِ دَانٍ

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

فِيهِنَّ قَاصِرَاتُ ٱلطَّرْفِ لَمْ يَطْمِثْهُنَّ

neither man nor jinni shall have touched them.(56)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(57)

As though they were rubies and pearls.(58)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(59)

Is the reward of goodness aught but goodness?(60)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(61)
And besides these two are two (other) gardens:(62)
Which then of the bounties of your Lord

will you deny?(63)
Both inclining to
blackness.(64)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(65)

In both of them are two springs gushing forth.(66)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(67)

In both are fruits and palms and pomegranates. (68)

'insun qablahum wa lā jānnun .

> fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

ka'annahunna alyāqūtu wa almarjānu .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

hal jazā'u al-'iḥsāni 'illā al-'iḥsānu .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

wa min dūnihimā jannatāni .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

mud/hāmmatāni.

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

fīhimā `aynāni naḍḍākhatāni .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

fīhimā fākihatun wa nakhlun wa rummānun . إِنسٌ قَبْلَهُمْ وَلَا جَآنٌ ﴿

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

كَأُنَّهُنَّ ٱلْيَاقُوتُ وَٱلْمَرْجَانُ ٢

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

هَلْ جَزَآءُ ٱلْإِحْسَنِ إِلَّا ٱلْإِحْسَنُ ﴿

فَبِأًيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

وَمِن دُونِ مَا جَنَّتَانِ ٢

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

مُدُهَامَّتَانِ 🚭

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

فِيرِمَا عَيْنَانِ نَضَّاخَتَانِ ﴿

فَبِأًيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

فِيهِمَا فَاكِهَةٌ وَخَالٌ وَرُمَّانٌ ﴿

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(69)

In them are goodly things, beautiful ones.(70)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(71)

Pure ones confined to the pavilions.(72)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(73)

Man has not touched them before them nor jinni.(74)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(75)

Reclining on green cushions and beautiful carpets.(76)

Which then of the bounties of your Lord will you deny?(77)

Blessed be the name of your Lord, the Lord of Glory and Honor!(78) fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

fīhinna khayrātun ḥisānun .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i

rabbikumā
tukadhdhibāni .
ḥūrun maqşūrātun
fī al-khiyāmi .
fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i
rabbikumā
tukadhdhibāni .

lam yaṭmithhunna 'insun qablahum wa lā jānnun .

> fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

muttaki'īna `alā rafrafin khuḍrin wa `abqarīyin ḥisānin .

fabi'ayyi 'ālā'i rabbikumā tukadhdhibāni .

tabāraka asmu rabbika dhī al-jalāli wa al-'ikrāmi . فَبِأًيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

فِيهِنَّ خَيْرَاتُ حِسَانٌ ﴿

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

حُورٌ مَّقْصُورَاتٌ فِي ٱلْحِيَامِر ﴿

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمًا تُكَذِّبَانِ

مُتَّكِمِينَ عَلَىٰ رَفْرَفٍ خُضْرٍ وَعَبْقَرِي حِسَان ﴿

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

تَبَرَكَ ٱسْمُ رَبِّكَ ذِى ٱلْجِلَالِ وَٱلْإِكْرَام ﴿

SŪRAT AL-WĀQI`AH (THE GREAT EVENT; 56)

In The Name Of Allah, The Beneficent, The Merciful When the great event

comes to pass,(1)

bismi allāhi ar-raḥmāni ar-raḥīmi

> 'idhā waqa`ati alwāqi`atu .

مِلْ النَّحْ النَّح

إِذَا وَقَعَتِ ٱلَّوَاقِعَةُ ﴿

There is no belying its coming to pass(2)
Abasing (one party), exalting (the other),(3)
When the earth shall be shaken with a (severe) shaking,(4)
And the mountains shall be made to crumble with (an awful) crumbling,(5)
So that they shall be as scattered dust.(6)
And you shall be three

Then (as to) the companions of the right hand; how happy are the companions of the right hand!(8)

sorts.(7)

And (as to) the companions of the left hand; how wretched are the companions of the left hand!(9)

And the foremost are the foremost,(10)

These are they who are drawn nigh (to Allah),(11)

In the gardens of bliss.(12)

A numerous company from among the first,(13)

And a few from among the latter.(14)

On thrones decorated,(15)

Reclining on them, facing one another.(16)

laysa liwaq`atihā kādhibatun .

khāfiḍatun rāfi`atun .

'idhā rujjati al-'arḍu rajjān .

wa bussati al-jibālu bassān .

fakānat habā'an munbaththān .

wa kuntum 'azwājān thalāthatan .

fa'aṣḥābu almaymanati mā 'aṣḥābu al-maymanati

wa 'aṣḥābu almash'amati mā 'aṣḥābu al-mash'amati

wa as-sābiqūna assābiqūna . 'ūlā'ika al-

'ula'ika almuqarrabūna .

fī jannāti an-na`īmi .

thullatun mina al-'awwalīna .

wa qalīlun mina al-'ākhirīna .

> `alā sururin mawdūnatin .

muttaki'īna `alayhā mutagābilīna . لَيْسَ لِوَقَعَمًا كَاذِبَةٌ ١

خَافِضَةٌ رَّافِعَةً ﴿

إِذَا رُجَّتِ ٱلْأَرْضُ رَجًّا ۞

وَبُسَّتِ ٱلْحِبَالُ بَسًّا ١

فَكَانَتُ هَبَآءً مُّنْبَثًا

وَكُنتُمْ أَزْوَاجًا ثَلَثَةً ۞

فَأُصْحَابُ ٱلْمَيْمَنَةِ مَآ

أُصْحَابُ ٱلْمَيْمَنَةِ 🚭

وَأَصْحَابُ ٱلْمَشْءَمَةِ مَآ أَصْحَابُ ٱلۡمَشۡءَمَةِ ۞

وَٱلسَّبِقُونَ ﴾ ٱلسَّبِقُونَ ﴿

أُوْلَتِإِكَ ٱلۡمُقَرَّبُونَ 📆

فِي جَنَّتِ ٱلنَّعِيمِ ٢

ثُلَّةٌ مِّنَ ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ ﴿

وَقَلِيلٌ مِّنَ ٱلْأَخِرِينَ ٢

عَلَىٰ سُرُرٍ مَّوۡضُونَةِ

مُّتَّكِئِينَ عَلَيْهَا مُتَقَسِلِينَ

(11

Round about them shall go youths never altering in age,(17)	yaṭūfu `alayhim wildānun mukhalladūna .	يَطُوفُ عَلَيْمٍ وِلْدَانٌ ثُحَلَّدُونَ
With goblets and ewers and a cup of pure drink;(18)	bi'akwābin wa 'abārīqa wa ka'sin min ma`īnin	بِأُكُوَابٍ وَأَبَارِيقَ وَكَأْسٍ مِّن مَّعِينِ
They shall not be affected with headache thereby, nor shall they get exhausted,(19)	lā yuṣadda`ūna `anhā wa lā yunzifūna .	لَّا يُصَدَّعُونَ عَنَهَا وَلَا يُنزِفُونَ ﴾
And fruits such as they choose,(20)	wa fākihatin mimmā yatakhayyarūna .	وَفَكِهَةٍ مِّمَّا يَتَخَيَّرُونَ ﴾
And the flesh of fowl such as they desire.(21)	wa laḥmi ṭayrin mimmā yashtahūna .	وَلَحُمِ طَيْرٍ مِّمَّا يَشْتَهُونَ 🟐
And pure, beautiful ones,(22)	wa ḥūrun `īnun .	وَحُورٌ عِينٌ ﴿
The like of the hidden pearls:(23)	ka'amthāli al-lu'lu'i al- maknūni .	كَأَمْثَالِ ٱللُّؤْلُوِ ٱلْمَكْنُونِ ﴿
A reward for what they used to do.(24)	jazā'an bimā kānū ya`malūna .	جَزَآءُ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿
They shall not hear therein vain or sinful	lā yasma`ūna fīhā laghwan wa lā	لَا يَسْمَعُونَ فِيهَا لَغُوًّا وَلَا
discourse,(25)	ta'thīmān .	تَأْثِيمًا 🕥
Except the word peace, peace.(26)	'illā qīlān salāmān salāmān .	إِلَّا قِيلًا سَلَعُما شَلَعُما اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ
And the companions of the right hand; how happy are the	wa 'aṣḥābu al-yamīni mā 'aṣḥābu al-yamīni .	وَأُصْحَنبُ ٱلْيَمِينِ مَاۤ أُصْحَنبُ
companions of the right hand!(27)	ina aşınabu al-yalılılı	ٱلْيَمِينِ
Amid thornless lote- trees,(28)	fī sidrin makhḍūdin .	فِي سِدْرٍ تَحْنَضُودِ 📳
And banana-trees (with fruits), one above another.(29)	wa ṭalḥin manḍūdin .	في سِدْرِ مَّخْضُودِ ﴿ وَاللَّهِ مَّنضُودِ ﴿ وَاللَّهِ مَّنضُودِ ﴿ وَاللَّهِ مَّمْدُودِ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ مَمْدُودِ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ مَمْدُودٍ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ مَمْدُودٍ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ مَمْدُودٍ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ مَمْدُودٍ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ مَا لَهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ مَا لَهُ مَا لَهُ مَا لَهُ مَا لَهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ مَا لَهُ مَا لَهُ مَا لَهُ مَا لَهُ مَا لَهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ ﴿ وَلَا لَهُ مَا لَهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ ﴿ وَلَا لَهُ مَا لَهُ مِنْ فَاللَّهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْ فَاللَّهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْفُودٍ لَهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مَا لَهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْ فَاللَّهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْ فَاللَّهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْفُودٍ لَهُ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْفُودٍ لَهُ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لِنَالِ لَالْمُنْفُودِ لِنَالِكُودٍ لَهُ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْ فَالْمُنْفُودُ لِنَالْمُنْفُودٍ لِنَالِكُودٍ لَهُ مِنْفُودٍ لِنَالِكُودٍ لَهُ مِنْفُودٍ لَنَالْمُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْ مُنْفُودٍ لَهُ مِنْ لَمِنْ لَمُنْفُودٍ لَعْمُ مِنْ فَالْمُنْفُودُ لِنَالِمُ لَعِنْفُودٍ لَنَالْمُ لَعِنْفُودٍ لَذِنْ لَالْمُنْفُودُ لِنَالْمُ لَعْلِي لَالْمُنْفِقُولُ لَالْمُنْفُودٍ لَنَالْمُ لَعْلَمُ لِلْمُنْفُودُ لِنَالِمُ لِلْمُنْف
And extended shade,(30)	wa zillin mamdūdin .	وَظِلِّ مَّمۡدُودِ ﴾

And water flowing wa mā'in maskūbin . constantly,(31) wa fākihatin kathīratin And abundant fruit,(32) lā magţū`atin wa lā Neither intercepted nor لَّا مَقْطُوعَةِ وَلَا مَمْنُوعَةٍ ﴿ mamnū`atin . forbidden,(33) wa furushin marfū`atin And exalted thrones.(34) Surely We have made 'innā 'ansha'nāhunna them to grow into a (new) 'inshā'an . growth,(35) Then We have made them faja`alnāhunna فَحُعَلَنهُنَّ أَنكَارًا ٦ 'abkārān . virgins,(36) عُرُبًا أَتْرَابًا ﴿ Loving, equals in age,(37) `urubān 'atrābān . For the sake of the companions of the right l'aṣḥābi al-yamīni. hand.(38) A numerous company thullatun mina al-'awwalīna . from among the first,(39) wa thullatun mina al-وَثُلَّةٌ مِّنَ ٱلْأَخِرِينَ ﴿ And a numerous company from among the last.(40) 'ākhirīna . وَأَصْحَاثُ ٱلشَّمَالِ مَاۤ أَصْحَاثُ And those of the left wa 'ashābu ash-shimāli hand, how wretched are mā 'ashābu ashthose of the left hand!(41) shimāli. fī samūmin wa In hot wind and boiling water,(42) hamīmin . And the shade of black wa zillin min وَظِلِّ مِّن تُحِّمُومِ ﴿ yaḥmūmin . smoke,(43) Neither cool nor lā bāridin wa lā لَّا بَارِدِ وَلَا كَرِيمِ ٢ honorable.(44) karīmin . إنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ قَبْلَ ذَالِكَ Surely they were before 'innahum kānū gabla that made to live in ease dhālika mutrafīna.

And they persisted in the great violation.(46)

and plenty.(45)

wa kānū yuşirrūna `alā al-ḥinthi al-`azīmi وَكَانُواْ يُصِرُّونَ عَلَى ٱلْحِنثِ

ٱلْعَظِيم 遭

And they used to say: What! when we die and have become dust and bones, shall we then indeed be raised?(47)

Or our fathers of yore?(48)

Say: The first and the last,(49)

Shall most surely be gathered together for the appointed hour of a known day.(50)

Then shall you, O you who err and call it a lie!(51)

Most surely eat of a tree of Zaqqoom,(52)

And fill (your) bellies with it;(53)
Then drink over it of boiling water;(54)
And drink as drinks the thirsty camel.(55)
This is their entertainment on the day of requital.(56)

We have created you, why do you not then assent?(57)

Have you considered the seed?(58)

wa kānū yaqūlūna 'a'idhā mitnā wa kunnā turābān wa `iẓāmān 'a'innā lamab`ūthūna .

> 'awa 'ābā'uunā al-'awwalūna .

qul 'inna al-'awwalīna wa al-'ākhirīna .

> lamajmū`ūna 'ilā mīqāti yawmin ma`lūmin .

thumma 'innakum 'ayyuhā aḍ-ḍāllūna almukadhdhibūna .

la'ākilūna min shajarin min zaqqūmin .

famāli'ūna minhā albuţūna .

fashāribūna `alayhi mina al-hamīmi .

fashāribūna shurba alhīmi .

> hādhā nuzuluhum yawma ad-dīni .

naḥnu khalaqnākum falawlā tuṣaddiqūna .

> 'afara'aytum mā tumnūna .

وَكَانُواْ يَقُولُونَ أَبِذَا مِتْنَا وَكُنَّا تُرَابًا وَعِظْمًا أَءِنَّا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ ﴿

أَوَءَابَآؤُنَا ٱلْأَوَّلُونَ ﴿
قُلْ إِنَّ ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ وَٱلْاَحِرِينَ

لَمَجْمُوعُونَ إِلَىٰ مِيقَسِ يَوْمٍ مَعْلُومٍ مَعْلُومٍ مَعْلُومٍ اللهِ عَلَيْمُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ المِلْمُ اللهِ المِلْمُولِيِ اللهِ المِلْمُ اللهِ المِلْمُلِي المِل

ثُمَّ إِنَّكُمْ أَيُّنَا ٱلضَّالُونَ اللَّهَا الضَّالُونَ اللَّهَا اللَّهَا اللَّهَا اللَّهَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

لَأَكِلُونَ مِن شَجَرٍ مِّن زَقُّومِ

فَمَالِئُونَ مِنْهَا ٱلْبُطُونَ ﴿

فَشَرِبُونَ عَلَيْهِ مِنَ ٱلْحَمِمِ

فَشَرِبُونَ شُرْبَ ٱلْهِيمِ ٥

هَنذَا نُزُهُمُ يَوْمَ ٱلدِّينِ

نَحْنُ خَلَقَنَكُمْ فَلُولًا

تُصَدِّقُونَ 🚍

أَفَرَءَيْتُم مَّا تُمَّنُونَ ٢

Is it you that create it or are We the creators?(59)

We have ordained death among you and We are not to be overcome, (60)

In order that We may bring in your place the likes of you and make you grow into what you know not.(61)

And certainly you know the first growth, why do you not then mind?(62)

Have you considered what you sow?(63)

Is it you that cause it to grow, or are We the causers of growth?(64)

If We pleased, We should have certainly made it broken down into pieces, then would you begin tb lament:(65)
Surely we are burdened with debt:(66)

Nay! we are deprived.(67)

Have you considered the water which you drink?(68)

Is it you that send it down from the clouds, or are We the senders?(69) 'a'antum takhluqūnahu 'am naḥnu alkhāliqūna .

naḥnu qaddarnā baynakumu al-mawta wa mā naḥnu bimasbūgīna .

`alā 'an nubaddila 'amthālakum wa nunshi'akum fī mā lā ta`lamūna .

wa laqad `alimtum annash'ata al-'ūlā falawlā tadhkkarūna .

> 'afara'aytum mā tahruthūna .

'a'antum tazra`ūnahu 'am naḥnu az-zāri`ūna

law nashā'u laja`alnāhu ḥuṭāmān fazalaltum tafakkahūna .

'innā lamughramūna .

bal naḥnu maḥrūmūna

'afara'aytum al-mā'a al-ladhī tashrabūna .

'a'antum 'anzaltumūhu mina al-muzni 'am nahnu al-munzilūna . ءَأَنتُمْ تَخَلُقُونَهُۥ َأَمْ نَحْنُ ٱلْخَلِقُونَ ﴿

خُنُ قَدَّرْنَا بَيْنَكُمُ ٱلْمَوْتَ وَمَا يَخْنُ قَدَّرْنَا بَيْنَكُمُ ٱلْمَوْتَ وَمَا يَخْنُ بِمَشْبُوقِينَ ﴿ عَلَى أَنْ نُبُدِلَ أَمْشَلَكُمْ وَنُنشِئَكُمْ فِي مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ

وَلَقَدُ عَامِتُمُ ٱلنَّشَأَةَ ٱلْأُولَىٰ فَلَوْلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿

أَفَرَءَيْتُم مَّا تَخُرُثُونَ ﴿ اللَّهُ مَا تَخُرُثُونَ ﴿ اللَّهُ مَا ثَخُنُ اللَّهُ اللّ

لُوْ نَشَآءُ لَجَعَلَننهُ حُطَنَمًا فَظَلْتُمْ تَفَكَّهُونَ ﴿

إِنَّا لَمُغْرَمُونَ ١

بَلْ نَحْنُ مَحْرُومُونَ 🚭

أَفَرَءَيْتُمُ ٱلْمَآءَ ٱلَّذِي تَشْرَبُونَ

ءَأَنتُمْ أَنزَلْتُمُوهُ مِنَ ٱلْمُزْنِ أَمْ

If We pleased, We would have made it salty; why do you not then give thanks?(70)

Have you considered the fire which you strike?(71)

Is it you that produce the trees for it, or are We the producers?(72)

We have made it a reminder and an advantage for the wayfarers of the desert.(73)

Therefore glorify the name of your Lord, the Great.(74)

But nay! I swear by the falling of stars;(75)

And most surely it is a very great oath if you only knew;(76)

Most surely it is an honored Quran,(77)
In a book that is protected(78)
None shall touch it save the purified ones.(79)
A revelation by the Lord of the worlds.(80)

law nashā'u ja`alnāhu 'ujājān falawlā tashkurūna .

'afara'aytumu an-nāra allatī tūrūna .

'a'antum 'ansha'tum shajaratahā 'am naḥnu al-munshi'ūna .

naḥnu ja`alnāhā tadhkiratan wa matā`ān lilmuqwīna .

fasabbiḥ biāsmi rabbika al-`azīmi .

falā 'uqsimu bimawāqi`i an-nujūmi

wa 'innahu laqasamun law ta`lamūna `aẓīmun .

'innahu laqur'ānun karīmun .

fī kitābin maknūnin .

lā yamassuhu 'illā almuṭahharūna . tanzīlun min rabbi al-`ālamīna . خُنُ ٱلْمُنزِلُونَ ﴿ لَوۡ نَشَآءُ جَعَلۡنَـٰهُ أُجَاجًا فَلَوۡلَا تَشۡكُرُونَ ﴾

أَفَرَءَيْتُمُ ٱلنَّارَ ٱلَّتِي تُورُونَ

ءَأَنتُمْ أَنشَأْتُمْ شَجَرَةًا أَمْرَ خَنُ اللَّمُنشِئُونَ ﴿

غَنْ جَعَلْنَهُا تَذْكِرَةً وَمَتَعَا لِّلْمُقُوينَ ﴿

فَسَبِّحْ بِٱسۡمِ رَبِّكَ ٱلۡعَظِيمِ

فَلا أُقْسِمُ بِمَوَاقِعِ ٱلنُّجُومِ

وَإِنَّهُۥ لَقَسَمُّ لَّوۡ تَعۡلَمُونَ

إِنَّهُ ولَقُرْءَانٌ كَرِيمٌ 📆

فِي كِتَابِ مَّكْنُونِ 🚍

لَّا يَمَشُهُ ٓ إِلَّا ٱلۡمُطَهَّرُونَ ﴿

تَنزِيلٌ مِّن رَّتِ ٱلْعَالَمِينَ ﴿

Do you then hold this announcement in contempt?(81)	'afabihadhā al-ḥadīthi 'antum mud-hinūna .	أَفَيهَاذَا ٱلحَدِيثِ أَنتُم مُّدَهِنُونَ
And to give (it) the lie you make your means of subsistence.(82)	wa taj`alūna rizqakum 'annakum tukadhdhibūna .	وَجَّعَلُونَ رِزْقَكُمْ أَنَّكُمْ تُكَذِّبُونَ ۞
Why is it not then that when it (soul) comes up to the throat,(83)	falawlā 'idhā balaghati al-ḥulqūma .	فَلُوۡلَاۤ إِذَا بَلَغَتِ ٱلۡخُلۡقُومَ ٦
And you at that time look on(84)	wa 'antum ḥīna'idhin tanzurūna .	وَأَنتُمۡ حِينَبِدِ تَنظُرُونَ 📳
And We are nearer to it than you, but you do not see(85)	wa naḥnu 'aqrabu 'ilayhi minkum wa lakin lā tubṣirūna .	وَخَٰنُ أَقْرَبُ إِلَيْهِ مِنكُمْ وَلَكِن لَا تُبْصِرُونَ ﴿
Then why is it not if you are not held under authority(86)	falawlā 'in kuntum ghayra madīnīna .	فَلَوْلَا إِن كُنتُمْ غَيْرَ مَدِينِينَ
That you send it (not) back if you are truthful?(87)	tarji`ūnahā 'in kuntum ṣādiqīna .	تَرْجِعُونَهَآ إِن كُنتُمْ صَـٰدِقِينَ
Then if he is one of those drawn nigh (to Allah),(88)	fa'ammā 'in kāna mina al-muqarrabīna .	فَأَمَّا إِن كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُقَرَّبِينَ
Then happiness and bounty and a garden of bliss.(89)	farawḥun wa rayḥānun wa jannatu na`īmin .	فَرَوْحٌ وَرَكْحَانٌ وَجَنَّتُ نَعِيمٍ
And if he is one of those on the right hand,(90)	wa 'ammā 'in kāna min 'aṣḥābi al-yamīni .	وَأَمَّاۤ إِن كَانَ مِنْ أَصْحَنبِ ٱلۡيَمِينِ ۞ فَسَلَمُ لَّكَ مِنْ أَصْحَنبِ
Then peace to you from those on the right hand.(91)	fasalāmun laka min 'aṣḥābi al-yamīni .	فَسَلَـٰمُرُ لَّكَ مِنْ أَصْحَنبِ

And if he is one of the rejecters, the erring ones,(92)

He shall have an entertainment of boiling water, (93)

And burning in hell.(94)

Most surely this is a certain truth.(95)
Therefore glorify the name of your Lord, the Great.(96)

wa 'ammā 'in kāna mina almukadhdhibīna aḍḍāllīna .

fanuzulun min hamīmin .

wa tasliyatu jaḥīmin .

'inna hādhā lahuwa ḥaqqu al-yaqīni .

fasabbiḥ biāsmi rabbika al-`aẓīmi . وَأُمَّاۤ إِن كَانَ مِنَ ٱلۡمُكَدِّبِينَ ٱلۡمُكَدِّبِينَ ٱلۡمُكَدِّبِينَ اللّٰمِ

فَنْزُلٌ مِّنْ حَمِيمٍ ٢

ٱلْيَمِينِ ٢

وَتَصۡلِيَةُ حَجِيمٍ ۞

إِنَّ هَلْذَا لَهُوَ حَقُّ ٱلۡيَقِينِ ﴿

فَسَبِّحْ بِٱشْمِ رَبِّكَ ٱلْعَظِيمِ ﴿

SŪRAT AL-MULK (THE KINGDOM; 67)

In the Name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful Blessed is He in Whose hand is the kingdom, and He has power over all things,(1)

Who created death and life that He may try you-which of you is best in deeds; and He is the Mighty, the Forgiving,(2)

Who created the seven heavens one above another; you see no incongruity in the creation of the Beneficent Allah; then look again, can you see any disorder?(3) bismi allāhi arraḥmāni ar-raḥīmi tabāraka al-ladhī biyadihi al-mulku wa huwa `alā kulli shay'in qadīrun .

al-ladhī khalaqa almawta wa al-ḥayāta liyabluwakum 'ayyukum 'aḥsanu `amalān wa huwa al-`azīzu al-qhafūru .

al-ladhī khalaqa sab`a samāwātin ţibāqān mā tarā fī khalqi ar-raḥmāni min tafāwutin fārji` al-baṣara hal tarā min fuṭūr . Then turn back the eye again and again; your look shall '~ come back to you confused while it is fatigued.(4)

And certainly We have adorned this lower heaven with lamps and We have made these missiles for the Shaitans, and We have prepared for them the chastisement of burning.(5)

And for those who disbelieve in their Lord is the punishment of hell, and evil is the resort.(6)

When they shall be cast therein, they shall hear a loud moaning of it as it heaves,(7)

Almost bursting for fury. Whenever a group is cast into it, its keeper shall ask them: Did there not come to you a warner?(8)

They shall say: Yea! indeed there came to us a warner, but we rejected (him) and said: Allah has not revealed anything, you are only in a great error.(9)

And they shall say: Had we but listened or pondered, we should not have been among the inmates of the thumma arji` albaşara karratayni yanqalib 'ilayka albaşaru khāsi'ān wa huwa ḥasīrun .

wa laqad zayyannā as-samā'a ad-dunyā bimaṣābīḥa wa ja`alnāhā rujūmān lilshshayāṭīni wa 'a`tadnā lahum `adhāba as-sa`īri.

wa lilladhīna kafarū birabbihim `adhābu jahannama wa bi'sa al-maṣīru .

'idhā 'ulqū fīhā sami`ū lahā shahīqān wa hiya tafūru .

takādu tamayyazu mina al-ghayzi kullamā 'ulqiya fīhā fawjun sa'alahum khazanatuhā 'alam ya'tikum nadhīrun .

qālū balā qad jā'anā nadhīrun fakadhdhabnā wa qulnā mā nazzala allāhu min shay'in 'in 'antum 'illā fī ḍalālin kabīrin .

wa qālū law kunnā nasma`u 'aw na`qilu mā kunnā fī 'aṣḥābi as-sa`īri . ثُمَّ ٱرْجِعِ ٱلْبَصَرَ كَرَّتَيْنِ يَنقَلِبُ إِلَيْكَ ٱلْبَصَرُ خَاسِئًا وَهُوَ إِلَيْكَ ٱلْبَصَرُ خَاسِئًا وَهُوَ حَسِيرٌ ۞

وَلَقَدْ زَيَّنَا ٱلسَّمَآءَ ٱلدُّنْيَا بِمَصَبِيحَ وَجَعَلَنْهَا رُجُومًا لِيَّمْ لِيَّا لَمُّمْ لِلشَّيَّطِينِ أَ وَأَعْتَدْنَا لَهُمْ عَذَابَ ٱلسَّعِيرِ ﴿

وَلِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِرَبِّمِ عَذَابُ جَهَنَّمَ أُوبِئْسَ ٱلْمَصِيرُ ﴿ إِذَا ٓ أُلْقُواْ فِيهَا سَمِعُواْ هَا شَهِيقًا وَهِي تَفُورُ ﴿

تَكَادُ تَمَّيُّرُ مِنَ ٱلْغَيْظِ كُلَّمَاۤ أَلُغَيْظِ كُلَّمَاۤ أُلِقِي فِيهَا فَوْجٌ سَأَهُمْ خَزَنَتُهَاۤ أَلْمِ يَأْتِكُم نَذِيرٌ ﴿

قَالُواْ بَلَىٰ قَدْ جَآءَنَا نَذِيرٌ فَكَذَّبْنَا وَقُلْنَا مَا نَزَّلَ ٱللَّهُ مِن شَىْءٍ إِنْ أَنتُمْ إِلَّا فِي ضَلَالٍ كَبِيرٍ

وَقَالُواْ لَوْ كُنَّا نَسْمَعُ أَوْ نَعْقِلُ مَا كُنَّا فِي أَصْحَنبِ ٱلسَّعِيرِ ﴿

burning fire.(10)
So they shall acknowledge their sins, but far will be (forgiveness) from the inmates of the burning fire.(11)

(As for) those who fear their Lord in secret, they shall surely have forgiveness and a great reward.(12)

And conceal your word or manifest it; surely He is Cognizant of what is in the hearts.(13)

Does He not know, Who created? And He is the Knower of the subtleties, the Aware.(14)

He it is Who made the earth smooth for you, therefore go about in the spacious sides thereof, and eat of His sustenance, and to Him is the return after death.(15)

Are you secure of those in the heaven that He should not make the earth to swallow you up? Then lo! it shall be in a state of commotion.(16)

Or are you secure of those in the heaven that He should not send down upon you a punishment? Then shall you know how was My warning.(17) fā`tarafū bidhanbihim fasuḥqān li'ṣḥābi assa`īri .

'inna al-ladhīna yakhshawna rabbahum bil-ghaybi lahum maghfiratun wa 'ajrun kabīrun .

wa 'asirrū qawlakum 'aw ajharū bihi 'innahu `alīmun bidhāti as-sudūri .

'alā ya`lamu man khalaqa wa huwa allaţīfu al-khabīru .

huwa al-ladhī ja`ala lakum al-'arḍa dhalūlān fāmshū fī manākibihā wa kulū min rizqihi wa 'ilayhi an-nushūru .

'a'amintum man fī as-samā'i 'an yakhsifa bikum al-'arḍa fa'idhā hiya tamūru .

'am 'amintum man fī as-samā'i 'an yursila `alaykum ḥāṣibān fasata`lamūna kayfa nadhīri . فَٱعۡتَرَفُواْ بِذَنِهِمۡ فَسُحۡقًا لِللهِمۡ فَسُحۡقًا لِإَصۡحَابِ ٱلسَّعِيرِ ﴿

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ تَخْشَوْنَ رَبَّهُم بِٱلْغَيْبِ لَهُم مَّغْفِرَةٌ وَأَجْرٌ كَبِيرٌ

وَأُسِرُّواْ قَوْلَكُمْ أَوِ اَجْهَرُواْ بِهِ - وَأُسِرُواْ بِهِ - إِنَّهُ رُواْ بِهِ - إِنَّهُ رُواْ بِهِ الْمَدُورِ ﴿ اللَّهُ مَنْ خَلَقَ وَهُوَ اللَّا يَعْلَمُ مَنْ خَلَقَ وَهُوَ اللَّطِيفُ اَلْخَبِيرُ ﴿

ءَأُمِنتُم مَّن فِي ٱلسَّمَآءِ أَن خُسِفَ بِكُمُ ٱلْأَرْضَ فَإِذَا هِيَ تَمُورُ ﴿

أَمْ أَمِنتُم مَّن فِي ٱلسَّمَآءِ أَن يُرْسِلَ عَلَيْكُمْ حَاصِبًا فَيُكُمْ حَاصِبًا فَصَتَعْلَمُونَ كَيْفَ نَذِير

And certainly those before them rejected (the truth), then how was My disapproval.(18)

Have they not seen the birds above them expanding (their wings) and contracting (them)? What is it that withholds them save the Beneficent Allah? Surely He sees everything.(19)

Or who is it that will be a host for you to assist you besides the Beneficent Allah? The unbelievers are only in deception.(20)

Or who is it that will give you sustenance if He should withhold His sustenance? Nay! they persist in disdain and aversion.(21)

What! is he who goes prone upon his face better guided or he who walks upright upon a straight path?(22)

Say: He it is Who brought you into being and made for you the ears and the eyes and the hearts: little is it that you give thanks.(23) wa laqad kadhdhaba al-ladhīna min qablihim fakayfa kāna nakīri .

'awalam yaraw 'ilā aţ-ţayri fawqahum ṣāffātin wa yaqbiḍna mā yumsikuhunna 'illā ar-raḥmānu 'innahu bikulli shay'in baṣīrun .

'amman hādhā alladhī huwa jundun lakum yanşurukum min dūni ar-raḥmāni 'in al-kāfirūna 'illā fī ghurūrin .

'amman hādhā alladhī yarzuqukum 'in 'amsaka rizqahu bal lajjū fī `utūwin wa nufūrin .

'afaman yamshī mukibbān `alā wajhihi 'ahdā 'amman yamshī sawīyān `alā şirāţin mustaqīmin .

qul huwa al-ladhī 'ansha'akum wa ja`ala lakum assam`a wa al-'abṣāra wa al-'af'idata qalīlān mā tashkurūna .

وَلَقَدُ كَذَّبَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَيْلِهِمْ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ نَكِير عَيْ أُولَمْ يَرَوْاْ إِلَى ٱلطَّيْرِ فَوْقَهُمْ صَنَفَّتٍ وَيَقْبِضَنَ مَا يُمۡسِكُهُنَّ إِلَّا ٱلرَّحۡمَٰنُ ۚ إِنَّهُۥ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ بَصِيرُ ﴿ أُمَّنَ هَاذَا ٱلَّذِي هُوَ جُندُ لَّكُمْ يَنصُرُكُم مِّن دُون ٱلرَّحْمَـٰن ۚ إِن ٱلۡكَـٰفِرُونَ إِلَّا فِي غُرُورِ 🗊 أُمِّنَ هَاذَا ٱلَّذِي يَرْزُقُكُم إِنَّ أُمْسَكَ رِزْقَهُ أَبِل لَّجُواْ في عُتُوِّ وَنُفُورٍ ١

أَفَمَن يَمْشِي مُكِبًّا عَلَىٰ
وَجْهِهِ مَ أَهْدَىٰ أَمَّن يَمْشِي
سَوِيًّا عَلَىٰ صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ ﴿
قُلْ هُو ٱلَّذِي أَنشَأَكُرُ وَجَعَلَ
لَكُمُ ٱلسَّمْعَ وَٱلْأَبْصَرَ
وَٱلْأَفْهِدَةَ قَلِيلاً مَّا تَشْكُرُونَ

Say: He it is Who multiplied you in the earth and to Him you shall be gathered.(24)

And they say: When shall this threat be (executed) if you are truthful?(25)

Say: The knowledge (thereof is only with Allah and I am only a plain warner.(26)

But when they shall see it nigh, the faces of those who disbelieve shall be sorry, and it shall be said; This is that which you used to call for.(27)

Say: Have you considered if Allah should destroy me and those with me-- rather He will have mercy on us; yet who will protect the unbelievers from a painful punishment?(28)

Say: He is the Beneficent Allah, we believe in Him and on Him do we rely, so you shall come to know who it is that is in clear error.(29)

Say: Have you considered if your water should go down, who is it then that will bring you flowing water?(30) qul huwa al-ladhī dhara'akum fī al-'arḍi wa 'ilayhi tuḥsharūna

wa yaqūlūna matā hādhā al-wa`du 'in kuntum sādigīna .

qul 'innamā al-`ilmu
`inda allāhi wa
'innamā 'anā
nadhīrun mubīnun .

falammā ra'awhu zulfatan sī'at wujūhu al-ladhīna kafarū wa qīla hādhā al-ladhī kuntum bihi tadda`ūna .

qul 'ara'aytum 'in 'ahlakanī allāhu wa man ma`ī 'aw raḥimanā faman yujīru al-kāfirīna min `adhābin 'alīmin .

qul huwa arraḥmānu 'āmannā bihi wa `alayhi tawakkalnā fasata`lamūna man huwa fī ḍalālin mubīnin .

qul 'ara'aytum 'in 'aşbaḥa mā'uukum ghawrān faman ya'tīkum bimā'in ma`īnin . قُلْ هُو الَّذِی ذَرَاًکُمْ فِی الْأَرْضِ وَإِلَیْهِ تَحْشَرُونَ ﴿ الْأَرْضِ وَإِلَیْهِ تَحْشَرُونَ ﴿ وَیَقُولُونَ مَتَیٰ هَنذَا الْوَعْدُ إِن کُنتُمْ صَندِقِینَ ﴿ وَیَنْکُمْ عَندَ اللّهِ وَإِنَّمَا الْعِلْمُ عِندَ اللّهِ وَإِنَّمَا قُلْرَ اللّهِ وَإِنَّمَا الْعِلْمُ عِندَ اللّهِ وَإِنَّمَا فَلْمَا رَأُوهُ زُلْفَةً سِیْعَتْ وُجُوهُ فَلَمَا رَأُوهُ زُلْفَةً سِیْعَتْ وُجُوهُ الّذِینَ کَفَرُواْ وَقِیلَ هَنذَا اللّهِ عَذا اللّهِ مَنذَا اللّهِ عَذا اللهِ عَندَا اللهِ عَنهُ عَنهُ وَقِیلَ هَندَا اللهِ عَندَا اللهِ عَنهُ عَونَ اللهِ اللهِ عَنهُ عَنْ اللهِ عَنهُ عَنهُ وَالْ وَقِیلَ هَندَا اللهِ عَنهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِلْمُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ

قُلْ أَرَءَيْتُمْ إِنْ أَهْلَكَنِيَ ٱللَّهُ وَمَن مَعِيَ أَوْ رَحِمَنَا فَمَن يُجِيرُ ٱلْكَفِرِينَ مِنْ عَذَابٍ أَلِيمٍ

قُلْ هُوَ ٱلرَّحْمَىٰنُ ءَامَنَّا بِهِ مَوَ وَعَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلْنَا لَهُ فَسَتَعَامُونَ مَنْ هُوَ فِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ ﴿

قُلْ أَرَءَيْتُمْ إِنْ أَصْبَحَ مَآؤُكُرْ غَوْرًا فَمَن يَأْتِيكُم بِمَآءٍ مَّعِينٍ

SŪRAT AL-INSHIRĀḤ (THE EXPANSION; 94)

bismi allāhi ar-In The Name Of Allah, The Beneficent, The Merciful rahmāni ar-rahīmi أَلَمْ نَشْرَحْ لَكَ صَدْرَكَ (1) Have We not expanded for 'alam nashrah laka you your breast, sadraka. (2) And taken off from you wa wada`nā `anka وَوَضَعْنَا عَنكَ وِزُركَ ﴿ wizraka. vour burden. al-ladhī 'angada (3) Which pressed heavily upon ٱلَّذِيٓ أَنقَضَ ظَهْرَكَ ٦ zahraka. your back, (4) And exalted for you your wa rafa`nā laka وَرَفَعْنَا لَكَ ذِكْرَكَ ﴿ esteem? dhikraka. fa'inna ma`a al-(5) Surely with difficulty is `usri yusrān . ease. (6) With difficulty is surely 'inna ma`a al-`usri إِنَّ مَعَ ٱلْعُسْرِ يُسْرًا ١

> fānsab. wa 'ilā rabbika

vusrān .

fa'idhā faraghta

fārghab.

وَإِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ فَٱرْغَب اللَّهِ

SŪRAT AL-QADR (THE MAJESTY; 97) In The Name Of Allah. bismi allāhi arrahmāni ar-rahīmi

The Beneficent, The Merciful

(7) So when you are free,

(8) And make your Lord your

ease.

nominate.

exclusive object.

(1) Surely We revealed it on the grand night.

(2) And what will make you comprehend what the grand night

(3) The grand night is better than a thousand months.

(4) The angels and Jibreel descend in it by the

'innā 'anzalnāhu fī laylati al-qadri.

wa mā 'adrāka mā laylatu al-qadri.

laylatu al-qadri khayrun min 'alfi shahrin.

tanazzalu almalā'ikatu wa ar-rūhu ه ٱللَّه ٱلرَّحِيمِ

إِنَّا أَنزَلَنهُ فِي لَيْلَةِ ٱلْقَدُر ١

وَمَآ أَدْرَىٰكَ مَا لَيْلَةُ ٱلْقَدْرِ ١

لَيْلَةُ ٱلْقَدْرِ خَيْرٌ مِّنْ أَلْفِ شَهْرٍ

تَنَزَّلُ ٱلْمَلَمْكَةُ وَٱلرُّوحُ فِهَا

permission of their Lord for every affair,

fīhā bi'idhni rabbihim min kulli 'amrin . بِإِذۡنِ رَبِّم مِّن كُلِّ أَمْرٍ ۞

(5) Peace! it is till the break of the morning.

salāmun hiya ḥattā maṭla`i al-fajri . سَلَامُ هِيَ حَتَّىٰ مَطْلَعِ ٱلْفَجْرِ

SŪRAT AL-ZALZALAH (THE SHAKING; 99)

In The Name Of Allah, The Beneficent, The Merciful

(1) When the earth is shaken with her (violent) shaking,

bismi allāhi arrahmāni ar-rahīmi

بِمُسَالِيَّهُ الْكَوْرَ الْرَحِيَةِ

(2) And the earth brings forth her burdens,

'idhā zulzilati al-'arḍu zilzālahā .

إِذَا زُلْزِلَتِ ٱلْأَرْضُ زِلْزَالْهَا ۞

(3) And man says: What has befallen her?

wa 'akhrajati al-'arḍu 'athqālahā . وَأُخْرَجَتِ ٱلْأَرْضُ أَثْقَالَهَا

(4) On that day she shall tell her news,

wa qāla al-'insānu mā lahā . وَقَالَ ٱلْإِنسَانُ مَا لَهَا ١

(5) Because your Lord had inspired her.

yawma'idhin tuḥaddithu 'akhbārahā .

يَوْمَبِنِ تُحُدِّثُ أَخْبَارَهَا ٢

(6) On that day men shall come forth in sundry bodies that they may be shown their works.

bi'anna rabbaka 'awḥā lahā .

بِأَنَّ رَبَّكَ أُوْحَىٰ لَهَا ﴿

(7) So. he who has done an atom's weight of good shall see it

yawma'idhin yaşduru an-nāsu 'ashtātān liyuraw 'a`mālahum .

لِّيْرَوْاْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ ١

(8) And he who has done an atom's weight of evil shall see it. faman ya`mal mithqāla dharratin khayrān yarah.

وَمَن يَعْمَلُ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ شَرًّا

فَمَن يَعْمَلُ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّة خَيْرًا

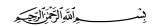
wa man ya`mal mithqāla dharratin sharrān yarah.

يَرَهُ و

SŪRAT AL-TAKĀTHUR (THE MULTIPLICATION; 102)

In The Name Of Allah, The Beneficent, The Merciful

bismi allāhi ar-raḥmāni ar-raḥīmi



SÜRAT AL-ZALZALAH 36

(1) Abundance diverts you,

(2) Until you come to the graves.

- (3) Nay! you shall soon know,
- (4) Nay! Nay! you shall soon know.
- (5) Nay! if you had known with a certain knowledge,
- (6) You should most certainly have seen the hell;
- (7) Then you shall most certainly see it with the eye of certainty;
- (8) Then on that day you shall most certainly be questioned about the boons.

'alhākumu attakāthuru.

ḥattā zurtumu almaqābira.

kallā sawfa ta`lamūna.

thumma kallā sawfa ta`lamūna.

kallā law ta`lamūna `ilma al-yaqīni.

latarawunna al-jahīma.

thumma latarawunnahā `ayna al-yaqīni.

thumma latus'alunna yawma'idhin `ani anna`īmi. أَلْهَاكُمُ ٱلتَّكَاثُرُ ١

حَتَّىٰ زُرۡتُمُ ٱلۡمَقَابِرَ ﴿

كَلَّا سَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿

ثُمَّ كَلَّا سَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ ١

كَلَّا لَوْ تَعْلَمُونَ عِلْمَ ٱلْيَقِينِ

٦

لَتَرُوُنَّ ٱلْجَحِيمَ ۞

ثُمَّ لَتَرُونَهَا عَيْنَ ٱلۡيَقِينِ

ثُمَّ لَتُسْعَلُنَّ يَوْمَبِدٍ عَنِ

SŪRAT AL-KAWTHAR (THE HEAVENLY FOUNTAIN; 108)

In The Name Of Allah, The Beneficent, The Merciful

- (1) Surely We have given you Kausar,
- (2) Therefore pray to your Lord and make a sacrifice.
- (3) Surely your enemy is the one who shall be without posterity.

bismi allāhi arraḥmāni ar-raḥīmi 'innā 'a`taynāka al-

faşalli lirabbika wa anhar.

kawthara.

'inna shāni'aka huwa al-'abtaru. مِينَ الرَّحْيَ الْرَحْيَ الْرَحْيَ الْرَحْيَ الْرَحْيَ الْرَحْيَ الْرَحْيَ الْرَحْيَ الْرَحْيَ الْرَحْيَ

إِنَّآ أَعۡطَيْنَكَ ٱلۡكَوۡتُرَ ۞

فَصَلِّ لِرَبِّكَ وَٱخۡحَرۡ ۞

إِنَّ شَانِئَكَ هُوَ ٱلْأَبْتَرُ

٦

SŪRAT AL-KĀFIRŪN

SŪRAT AL-KĀFIRŪN (THE UNBELIEVERS; 109)

bismi allāhi ar-In The Name Of Allah, The Beneficent, The Merciful rahmāni ar-rahīmi قُلْ يَتَأَيُّا ٱلۡكَىٰفِرُورِ ﴾ qul yā 'ayyuhā al-(1) Say: O unbelievers! kāfirūna. (2) I do not serve that which lā 'a` budu mā لا أَعْبُدُ مَا تَعْبُدُونَ ١ ta`budūna. you serve, وَلآ أَنتُمۡ عَبِدُونَ مَاۤ أَعۡبُدُ wa lā 'antum (3) Nor do you serve Him `ābidūna mā Whom I serve: 'a`budu. وَلآ أَنَا عَابِدُ مَّا عَبَدتُم (4) Nor am I going to serve wa lā 'anā `ābidun mā `abadttum. that which you serve, وَلا أَنتُمْ عَابِدُونَ مَا أَعْبُدُ wa lā 'antum (5) Nor are you going to serve `ābidūna mā Him Whom I serve: 'a`budu. (6) You shall have your lakum dīnukum wa لَكُمْ دِينُكُرْ وَلِيَ دِينِ ١ religion and I shall have my liya dīni. religion.

SŪRAT AL-TAWHĪD (THE UNITY; 112)

In The Name Of Allah, The Beneficent, The Merciful	bismi allāhi ar- raḥmāni ar-raḥīmi	بِسَــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
(1) Say: He, Allah, is One.	qul huwa allāhu 'aḥadun.	قُلْ هُوَ ٱللَّهُ أَحَدُ ١
(2) Allah is He on Whom all depend.	allāhu aṣ-ṣamadu.	ٱللَّهُ ٱلصَّمَدُ ۞
(3) He begets not, nor is He begotten.	lam yalid wa lam yūlad.	لَمْ يَلِدُ وَلَمْ يُولَدُ ﴾
(4) And none is like Him.	walam yakun lahu kufūan 'aḥadun.	وَلَمْ يَكُن لَّهُ رَكُفُوا أَحَدُ

SŪRAT AL-FALAQ (THE DAWN; 113)

In The Name Of Allah, The Beneficent, The Merciful

- (1) Say: I seek refuge in the Lord of the dawn,
- (2) From the evil of what He has created.
- (3) And from the evil of the utterly dark night when it comes,
- (4) And from the evil of those who blow on knots.
- (5) And from the evil of the envious when he envies.

bismi allāhi arrahmāni ar-rahīmi qul 'a`ūdhu birabbi al-falagi.

> min sharri mā khalaga.

> wa min sharri ghāsiqin 'idhā waqaba.

wa min sharri annaffāthāti fī al-`uqadi.

wa min sharri hāsidin 'idhā hasada.

قُل أَعُوذُ بِرَبِ ٱلْفَلَقِ ١

وَمِن شَرِّ غَاسِقٍ إِذَا وَقَبَ

وَمِن شَرِّ ٱلنَّقَٰثَتِ فِي الْمُعْقَدِ ﴿
الْعُقَدِ ﴿
وَمِن شَرِّ حَاسِدٍ إِذَا حَسَدَ

SŪRAT AL-NĀS (THE MEN; 114)

In The Name Of Allah, The Beneficent, The Merciful

- (1) Say: I seek refuge in the Lord of men,
- (2) The King of men,
- (3) The god of men,
- (4) From the evil of the whisperings of the slinking (Shaitan),
- (5) Who whispers into the hearts of men,
- (6) From among the jinn and the men.

bismi allāhi ar-raḥmāni ar-rahīmi

qul 'a` ūdhu birabbi annāsi.

maliki an-nāsi.

'ilahi an-nāsi.

min sharri al-waswāsi al-khannāsi.

al-ladhī yuwaswisu fī șudūri an-nāsi.

mina al-jinnati wa annāsi.

قُلَ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِ ٱلنَّاسِ ١

مَلِكِ ٱلنَّاسِ

إِلَىٰهِ ٱلنَّاسِ ﴿

مِن شَرِّ ٱلْوَسْوَاسِ ٱلْخَنَّاسِ ﴿

الَّذِي يُوَسِّوِسُ فِي صُدُورِ اَلنَّاسِ ۞

مِنَ ٱلْحِنَّةِ وَٱلنَّاسِ ١